Statutory Audit for the year ended March 31, 2016



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

CL Media Private Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of CL Media Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls and ensuring their operating effectiveness and the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the



accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2016, its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (1) As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- (2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2016, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2".
 - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;

HARIBHAKTI & CO. LLP

Chartered Accountants

- (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts. Hence, the question of any material foreseeable losses does not arise;
- $\!$ (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W/W100048

Pranav Jain Partner Membership No. 098308

Place: New Delhi Date: July 28, 2016

HARIBHAKTI & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants

ANNEXURE 1 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of CL Media Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016]

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) During the year, the fixed assets of the Company have been physically verified by the management and as informed, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) The Company does not have any Immovable property. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) The inventory (excluding stocks lying with third parties) has been physically verified by the management at the year end. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have been confirmed by them. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. As informed, no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification carried out at the year end.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (iii)(a), 3 (iii)(b) and 3 (iii)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vi) The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records for any of the products/ activities of the Company under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vii) (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, value added tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it, however, there have been slight delay in few cases.

According to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed dues in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, value added tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it, which were outstanding, at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable are as follows:



HARIBHAKTI & CO. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount ₹	A SECTION OF		Date of Payment
Income Tax Act, 1961	Advance Taxes	2,464,254	April 1, 2015 to June 30, 2015	June 15, 2015	Not yet paid
Income Tax Act, 1961	Advance Taxes	4,928,508	July 1, 2015 to September 30, 2015	September 15, 2015	Not yet paid
Income Tax Act, 1961	TDS on Interest	442,701	April to September 2015	October 07, 2015	April 29, 2016

- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues with respect to income tax, sales tax, service tax, value added tax, customs duty, excise duty, which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to financial institutions. There are no debenture holders. Accordingly, paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has utilized the money raised by way of the term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were raised. The company has not raised any money through public issue offer during the year.
- (x) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such instance by the management.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid/provided for any managerial remuneration. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanation given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 188 of Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company and its holding company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.

HARIBHAKTI & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants

(xvi) According to the information and explanation given to us the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 103523W/W100048

Pranav Jain Partner

Membership No. 098308

Date: July 28, 2016 Place: New Delhi

HARIBHAKTI & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants

ANNEXURE 2 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of CL Media Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of CL Media Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.





We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Qualified opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weakness has been identified in the operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting as at March 31, 2016:

 a) The procurement policy implemented for purchase of goods and services was not operating effectively, which could potentially result in the Company procuring unnecessary goods and services, or procuring goods of lower quality, or procure goods and services at unreasonable prices.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, maintained adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential

HARIBHAKTI & CO. LLP

Chartered Accountants

components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI, and except for the possible effects of the material weakness described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as of March 31, 2016.

We have considered the material weakness identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the March 31, 2016 financial statements of the Company, and the material weakness does not affect our opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W/W100048

Pranav Jain Partner

Membership No.098308

Place: New Delhi Date: July 28, 2016

CL Media Private Limited Balance Sheet for the year ended 31 March, 2016

Particulars	Note	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Shareholders' funds		7.11	- 1
Share capital			
Reserves and surplus	3	1,00,000	1,00,00
reserves and surplus	4	33,16,22,798	24,59,61,534
Non-current liabilities		33,17,22,798	24,60,61,53
Long term borrowings	_		
Deferred tax liabilities	5	66,85,069	:5)
Long-term provisions	6	V	6,91,112
	7 _	31,59,972	3,91,414
Current liabilities		98,45,041	10,82,526
Short-term borrowings	•		
Trade payables	8	3,29,12,561	3,85,72,827
 total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; 	9	H#C	ř.
 (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 		9,30,00,248	5,60,08,155
Other current liabilities	10	2 /2 /2	
Short-term provisions	7	3,68,68,079	1,93,44,303
	, –	2,08,06,328	2,24,99,861
Total		18,35,87,216 52,51,55,054	13,64,25,146
	=	32,31,33,034	38,35,69,206
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
-Tangible assets	11	17,37,710	45 47 733
-Intangible assets	12	94,90,292	15,46,637
Deferred Tax Assets	6	8,49,827	1,16,62,678
Long-term loans and advances	13	6,24,60,779	4,65,70,990
Current assets	-	7,45,38,608	5,97,80,305
nventories		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	3,77,00,303
Frade receivables	14	1,38,48,860	1,83,65,269
Cash and bank balances	15	42,27,65,640	28,02,90,436
hort-term loans and advances	16	1,10,10,123	2,40,00,966
Other Current Assets	13	22,83,191	10,46,144
otal	17	7,08,632	86,086
viui .		45,06,16,446	32,37,88,901
Immany of classificant		52,51,55,054	38,35,69,206
ummary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 103523W/ W100048

Pranav Jain

Partner

Membership No.: 098308

Place: New Delhi Date: July 28, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of CL Media Private Limited

Gautam Puri Director

DIN: 00033548

Place: New Delhi Date: July 28, 2016 Nikhil Mahajan Director

DIN: 00033404



CL Media Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2016

Particulars	Note	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Income	19 0	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Revenue from operations			
Other income	18	29,74,64,691	30,10,80,522
Total revenue (I)	19	14,04,763	6,13,246
is the residue (i)	=	29,88,69,454	30,16,93,768
Expenses			
Cost of sales and services	20	19972211221122	
Decrease in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress		11,91,60,941	12,15,70,779
Employee benefit expenses	21 22	15,75,184	1,50,13,591
Finance cost	. 33	5,51,61,141	3,44,14,011
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	23	1,06,71,028	61,26,888
Other expenses	24	29,28,403	29,20,305
Total expenses (II)	25	2,17,56,080	1,46,16,682
Profit before tax (I-II)		21,12,52,777	19,46,62,256
		8,76,16,677	10,70,31,512
Less: Tax expense for current period			
- Current tax		1,82,42,866	2 22 24 2 :-
- Minimum alternate tax ('MAT') credit			2,20,36,340
- Deferred tax (benefit)	6	(1,54,91,034)	(1,51,67,131)
-Earlier year tax expenses		(15,40,938)	(66,518)
	_	7,44,520	3,40,452
Profit after tax	-	19,55,413	71,43,143
Earnings per equity share (in ₹):	100	8,56,61,264	9,98,88,369
Nominal value of ₹ 10 each (Previous year ₹ 10 each)			
-Basic and Diluted	31	8,566.13	9,988.84
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 103523W/ W100048

Pranav Jain

Partner

Membership No.: 098308

Place: New Delhi Date: July 28, 2016 Gautam Puri

CL Media Private Limited

Director DIN: 00033548

Place: New Delhi Date: July 28, 2016 Nikhil Mahaja Director

DIN: 00033404

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of



CL Media Private Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2016

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
A Cash flow from operating activities		
Net profit before tax and after prior period items	0.74	
	8,76,16,677	10,70,31,512
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	20.20	
Bad debts written off	29,28,403	29,20,305
Finance cost (excluding interest on delayed payment of income tax)	19,71,377	58,81,562
Interest on delayed payment of income tax and statutory dues	88,12,952	30,19,356
Liabilities no longer required written back	18,58,076	31,07,532
Interest income	<u> </u>	(3,27,933)
Provision for slow moving inventory	(12,68,041)	(95,651)
Operating profit before working capital changes	3,36,789	
and the state of t	10,22,56,233	12,15,36,683
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
Inventories		
Trade receivables	41,79,620	85,64,740
Short-term loans and advances	(14,44,46,581)	(7,76,53,230)
Long-term loans and advances	(12,37,047)	(2,83,251)
Other Current Assets	70,000	3,34,159
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:	(6,97,168)	•
Trade payables		
Other current liabilities	3,69,92,093	(1,53,43,101)
Short-term provisions	1,14,83,165	37,30,721
Long-term provisions	47,395	6,827
Cash generated from operations	27,68,558	1,46,076
and Sensitived Holli operations	1,14,16,268	4,10,39,624
Taxes and interest thereon paid	-2,12,00,073	2 00 00 00
WHO IS NO 200701	2,12,00,073	-2,09,25,592
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	-97,83,805	2,01,14,032
B Cash flow from investing activities:		
Capital expenditure on fixed assets	40 44 000	
Interest income received	(9,44,089)	(1,56,000)
Investments in deposits not considered as cash and cash equivalents	13,42,664	9,565
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities (B)	1,67,54,178	(2,00,00,000)
	1,71,52,753	(2,01,46,435)
Cash Flow from financing activities:		
Net (decrease)/increase in short term borrowings from banks		
Net (decrease)/increase in Long term borrowings from financial institutions	1.09.64.115	(2,47,39,592)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings from related party	1,08,64,115	02102 203000
Repayment of short-term borrowings to related party	4,58,36,238	4,19,81,827
Interest and other borrowings costs paid	(5,14,96,504)	(1,15,00,000)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (C)	(88,09,462)	(18,54,252)
	(36,05,613)	38,87,983

OIA Continued on next page



CL Media Private Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2016

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Continued from previous page	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	37,63,335	
	37,03,333	38,55,580
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer to note 15)		
-at beginning of the year	10.00.011	
-at end of the year —	40,00,966	1,45,386
<u></u>	77,64,301	40,00,966
Cash and cash equivalents comprise		
Balances with banks:		
- on current accounts		
	77,64,301	40,00,966
Add:	77,64,301	40,00,966
Fixed deposits shown under other Cash and bank balances		
 Deposits with original maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months from the reporting date (pledged with banks against issue of letter of credit) 	32,45,822	2,00,00,000
Total cash and bank balances at end of the year (Refer note 15)	1,10,10,123	2 10 00 011
<u> </u>	1,13,10,123	2,40,00,966

Notes:

- 1. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method set out in AS-3 as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- 2. Notes to the Financials Statements are integral part of the Cash Flow Statement.
- 3. Pursuant to the requiremnts of Section 135 of the Act, the company has incurred Nil amount on CSR activities during the year.

As per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 103523W/ W100048

Pranav Jain Partner

Membership No.: 098308

Place: New Delhi Date: July 28, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Director

DIN: 00033404

CL Media Private Limited

Gautam Puri

Director DIN: 00033548

Place: New Delhi Date: July 28, 2016

1. Background

CL Media Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on 1 February 2008 under the Companies Act, 1956 with the object of publishing educational content and books and providing advertising services on any form of media. The Company is a 100% subsidiary of CL Educate Limited with all equity shares held through nominee shareholders.

The accompanying financial statements reflect the results of the activities undertaken by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2016.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

(i) Basis for preparation of Financial Statements:

The financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standards as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act"), read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis. The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company and are consistent with those used in the previous year.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act.

(ii) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the managements' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates. Any revision in accounting estimate is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

(iii) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Revenue from sale of books

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have passed on to the buyer and is disclosed net of sales return and trade discounts.

Advertisement income

Revenue in respect of advertisement services rendered is recognised as and when services are rendered.

Content development income

Income from content development is recognised as and when services are rendered, as specified in the agreement entered into or any amendments thereto.

Royalty income

Revenue from Royalty is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with terms of the relevant agreement.

Subscription fee

Income from subscription services is recognised on accrual basis.

Interest

Revenue from interest on fixed deposits is recognised on the time proportion method taking into consideration the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rates.

Unearned revenue

Amount billed prior to the reporting date for services to be performed after the reporting date is recorded as unearned revenue in other current liabilities.

(iv) Fixed Assets

Tangible Assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes (wherever applicable), less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing fixed assets, including day to day repair and maintenance and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Fixed assets retired from active use and held for disposal are stated at lower of book value and net realisable value as estimated by the Company and are shown separately in the financial statements under other current assets. Loss determined, if any, is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss, whereas profit and sale of such assets is recognised only upon completion of sale thereof.

Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and where its cost can be reliably measured. Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.

Losses arising from the retirement of, and gain or losses arising from disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of asset and recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(v) Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation

Depreciation has been calculated on Straight Line Method at the following useful lives, based on management estimates, which are equal to useful lives as per schedule II to the Act.

Depreciation on addition to fixed assets is provided on pro-rata basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. Depreciation on sale/discard from fixed assets is provided for up to the date of sale, deduction or discard of fixed assets as the case may be.

Useful life of its assets as per Schedule II which are as follows:

Asset	Useful life
Plant and machinery	15
Furniture and Fixtures	10
Office Equipment	10
Computer Equipment	5
asimpater Equipment	3

Amortisation

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life. The useful lives of assets are as under:

Asset	Useful life
Software	5
License fees	10
Content/Material development	5

Depreciation and amortisation on addition to fixed assets is provided on pro-rata basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. Depreciation and amortisation on sale/discard from fixed assets is provided for upto the date of sale, deduction or discard of fixed assets as the case may be.

(vi) Impairment of assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

After impairment, depreciation/amortisation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

(vii) Leases

Where the Company is lessee

Finance leases, which effectively transfer to the Company substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the inception of the lease term at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and present value of minimum lease payments. Lease

payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Lease management fees, legal charges and other initial direct costs of lease are capitalised.

A leased asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset as determined by the management or the useful life envisaged in Schedule II to the Act, whichever is lower. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain the ownership by the end of the lease term, the capitalised asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset, the lease term and the useful life envisaged in Schedule II to the Act.

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership over the lease term are classified as operating lease. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

(viii) Inventories

Raw materials, packaging materials and stores and spare parts are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes purchase price (excluding those subsequently recoverable by the enterprise from the concerned revenue authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the cost, first in first out method method is used.

Work in progress, manufactured finished goods and traded goods are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of work in progress and manufactured finished goods is determined on the weighted average basis and comprises direct material, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing these inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The comparison of cost and net realisable value is made on an item by item basis.

(ix) Employee Benefits

(a) Short term employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages and bonus, etc. are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

(b) Long term employee benefits:

(i) Defined contribution plans: Provident Fund

All employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the Provident Fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the employee and the employer make monthly contributions to the plan at a predetermined rate as per the provisions of The Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India.

The Company's contributions to the scheme are expensed off in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company has no further obligations under these plans beyond its monthly contributions.



(ii) Defined Benefit Plans: Gratuity

The Company provides for retirement benefits in the form of gratuity. Benefits payable to eligible employees of the Company with respect to gratuity, a defined benefit plan is accounted for on the basis of an actuarial valuation as at the Balance Sheet date. In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the plan provides for lump sum payments to vested employees on retrirement, death while in service or on termination of employment in an amount equivalent to 15 days basic salary for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service. The present value of such obligation is determined by the projected unit credit method and adjusted for past service cost and fair value of plan assets as at the balance sheet date through which the obligations are to be settled. The resultant actuarial gain or loss on change in present value of the defined benefit obligation or change in return of the plan assets is recognised as an income or expense in the statement of profit and loss. The expected return on plan assets is based on the assumed rate of return of such assets. The Company contributes to a trust set up by the company which further contributes to a policy taken from the Life Insurance Corporation of India.

(iii) Other long-term benefits: Leave encashment

Benefits under the Company's leave encashment scheme constitute other employee benefits. The liability in respect of leave encashment is provided on the basis of an actuarial valuation done by an independent actuary at the end of the year. Actuarial gain and losses are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(x) Taxation

Tax expense for the year comprising current tax, deferred tax and minimum alternate tax credit is included in determining the net profit for the year.

Current Tax

Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax charge or credit reflects the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward of losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty backed by convincing evidence of realisation of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are written-down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably / virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

Minimum alternate tax

Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the statement of profit and loss as current tax. The company recognises MAT credit available as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the company recognises MAT credit as an asset in accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Credit Available in respect of Minimum Alternative Tax under the Income-tax Act, 1961, the said asset is created by way of credit to the statement of profit and loss and shown as "MAT Credit Entitlement." The company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement"



writes down the asset to the extent the company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

(xi) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provision

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

Contingent liabilities

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that probably will not require an outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets

Contingent assets are neither recorded nor disclosed in the financial statements.

(xii) Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs relating to acquisition or construction or production of assets which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included as cost of such assets to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

(xiii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(xiv) Segment Reporting

The Company identifies primary segments based on the dominant source, nature of risks and returns and the internal organisation and management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the executive Management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Company. Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment.

Inter-segment revenue is accounted on the basis of transactions which are primarily determined based on market ℓ fair value factors.

Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on reasonable basis have been included under "unallocated revenue / expenses / assets / liabilities".

(xv) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

(xvi) Material Events

Material events occurring after the balance sheet date are taken into cognisance.

-----Space intentionally left blank-----





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

3. Share capital

a) The Company has only one class of share capital having a par value of ₹ 10 per share, referred to herein as equity shares.

	31 Ma	31 March 2016		31 March 2015	
Authorised Shares	Number	Amount in ₹	Number	Amount in ₹	
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (Previous year ₹ 10 each)	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000	
Issued, subscribed and fully pald-up shares Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (Previous year ₹ 10 each)	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000	

b. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period.

Particulars	31 Ma	ch 2016 31		March 2015	
THE RESERVE AND THE RESERVE AN	Number	Amount in ₹	Number	Amount in ₹	
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the period	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000	
Shares outstanding at the end of the period	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000	

c. Terms/rights attached to equity share

Voting

Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

Dividends

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting except in the case where interim dividend is distributed. The Company has not distributed any dividend in the current year and previous year.

Liquidation

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares shall be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. Such distribution amounts will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

d. Shares held by holding/ ultimate holding company and/ or their subsidiaries/associates

Particulars	Nature of	31 Ma	rch 2016	31 Ma	rch 2015
CL Educate Limited	Relationship	Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
CL Ludcate Limited	Holding Company	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%

e. Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% of equity share of the Company

W 20 2 2 2	31 M	arch 2016	31 Ma	31 March 2015	
Name of shareholder	Holding in numbers	% of total equity shares	Holding in numbers	% of total equity shares	
Nikhil Mahajan (as nominee of CL Educate Limited)	5,000	50%	5,000	50%	
Satya Narayanan R (as nominee of CL Educate Limited)	5,000	50%	5,000	50%	

f. No class of shares have been allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or bought back during the period of 5 years immediately preceeding the balance sheet date.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

4. Reserves and Surplus	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Opening balance		
(+) Net profit for the year	24,59,61,534	14,62,04,859
(-) Depreciation adjustment pursuant to Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013	8,56,61,264	9,98,88,369
(+) Deferred tax on depreciation adjustment pursuant to Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013		(1,96,744)
Total reserves and surplus		65,049
	33,16,22,798	24,59,61,534

in the year ended March 31, 2015, pursuant to the transitional provisions of Schedule II in respect of fixed assets where the remaining useful life was "Nil" as on April 1, 2014, their carrying amount aggregating ₹ 196,744 and deferred tax thereon had been adjusted against the opening reserves.

	nt portion	Current m	naturities
March 31, 2016 Amount in ₹	March 31, 2015 Amount in ₹	March 31, 2016 Amount in ₹	March 31, 2015 Amount in ₹
66,85,069		41,79,046	
	0.40	(41,79,046)	
66,85,069			
	March 31, 2016 Amount in ₹ 66,85,069	Amount in ₹ Amount in ₹ 66,85,069	March 31, 2016 March 31, 2015 March 31, 2015 March 31, 2016 Amount in ₹ Amount in ₹ Amount in ₹ 66,85,069 41,79,046 (41,79,046)

a) During the year the Company has taken Working capital term loans from various financial institutions. Details of interest rate, tenure and repayment of the said loans are as

101101131				TO A SCHOOL OF THE PROPERTY OF	
Name of financial institutions Fullerton India Credit Company Limited Ratnakar Bank Limited (RBL Bank Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Ltd.	Loan taken 50,00,000 35,00,000 30,00,000	Rate of Interest 18.50% 19.00% 18.50%	Tenure 24 Months 36 Months 36 Months	Date of first EMI 04-Feb-16 05-Jan-16 31-Mar-16	EMI 2,50,831 1,28,296 1,09,212

6. Deferred tax assets/liabilities

In accordance with Accounting Standard 22 on 'Accounting for Taxes on Income' the net increase in deferred tax assets of ₹ 1,540,938 has been recognised as benefit in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The tax effect of significant timing differences as at 31 March 2016 that reverse in one or more subsequent years gave rise to the following net

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

	31 March 2016	(Benefit)/ Charge for the year	31 March 2015
Deferred tax assets	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Provision for gratuity Provision for bonus Provision for leave encashment Provision for slow moving inventory Total deferred tax assets	2,64,867 5,41,240 7,30,966 1,04,068	(2,39,563) (3,71,048) (6,21,767) (1,04,068) (13,36,446)	25,304 1,70,192 1,09,199 -
Deferred tax liabilities			
On account of depreciation/amortisation Total deferred tax liabilities	7,91,314 7,91,314	(2,04,493)	9,95,807
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	8,49,827	(15,40,938)	9,95,807 (6,91,112)

In assessing the realisability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is reasonable, that some portion, or all, of the deferred tax assets will be realised. The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the period in which the timing differences become deductible.



--- Space intentionally left blank---



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

7. Provisions

'	Long-ter	rm	Short-t	erm
2.0	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
B	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Provision for employee benefits				
Gratuity (Refer note 30)	8,28,129	65,916	29.047	40 (47
Leave encashment (Refer note 30)	23,31,843	3,25,498	33,743	10,617
	31,59,972	3,91,414	62,790	4,778
Other provision -				13,393
Provision for tax [net of advance tax and tax deducted at source of ₹ 18,092,382 (previous year ₹ 19,115,544)]	*	12	2,07,43,538	2,24,84,466
Total -			2,07,43,538	2,24,84,466
=	31,59,972	3,91,414	2,08,06,328	2,24,99,861
3. Short-term borrowings				
			31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Insecured			Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
oans repayable on demand from related parties (Refer footnote a and				. "
and repayable on demand from related parties (kerer foothote a and	note 33)		3,29,12,561	3,85,72,827
			3,29,12,561	3,85,72,827

Footnote a: Unsecured loans from related parties represent loans taken from holding company and fellow subsidiary.

- 1. Loan taken from fellow subsidiary carries an interest rate of 16% per annum payable on maturity. The repayment of entire loan amount along with all interest due thereon shall be repaid by 31 March 2017 or on demand whichever is earlier.
- 2. Loan from holding company carries an interest rate of 14.5% per annum. Loan is repayable on demand.

9. Trade payables		
7. Trade payables	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Trade payable (Refer footnote a, note 29 & 33)	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Trade payable (Refer foothote a, note 29 & 33)	9,30,00,248	5,60,08,155
	9,30,00,248	5,60,08,155

Footnote a: Includes acceptance of `2,908,262 (PY `12,591,695) on account of letter of credit facilities utilised by various parties during the period.

10. Other current liabilities

10. Other current liabilities	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Current maturities of long term borrowings	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings (Refer note 33)	41,79,046	
- Payables for expenses (Refer note 29 & 33)	72,58,545	53,96,980
- Employee related payables	1,43,93,759	63,43,997
- Advance from Customers	56,08,028	31,18,510
- Unearned revenue	5,38,061	16,10,993
- Other liabilities (Duties and taxes payable to government authorities)	32,73,690	18,38,000
dabitities (outles and taxes payable to government authorities)	16,16,950	10,35,823
	3,68,68,079	1,93,44,303



--- Space intentionally left blank---



CL Media Private Limited

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

11. Tangible assets Current Year		Gross blo	Gross block (at cost)				21		(Amount in ₹)
		Additions	Disposal/			Accumulated	Accumulated depreciation		Net block
Description	As at 1 April 2015	during the year	Adjustment	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015	For the year	Disposal	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2016
Plant and machineries	16,86,873		æ	16,86,873	2,88,185	1,05,904		3 94 080	25.00
Furniture and fixtures	39,760	7		39,760	27,481	3 040		200,17,0	14,92,784
Office equipments	1,95,199	•	(6. 4)(5	1,95,199	1,79,076	6,486		30,530	9,230
Computers and other peripherals	17,30,807	4,16,823	٠	21.47.630	16 11 250			700,000,0	9,637
Total	36.52.640	4 16 823		2001011	667(11,01	1,10,312		17,21,571	4,26,059
	0.000	C70'01'L		40,69,462	21,06,001	2,25,751		23,31,752	17,37,710
Previous year		Gross bloc	Gross block (at cost)						
		Additions	Disposal/	1		Accumulated depreciation	depreciation		Net block
Description	As at 1 April 2014	during the year	Adjustment	As at 31 March 2015	As at 1 April 2014	For the year	Adjustment pursuant to Schedule II*	As at 31 March	As at 31 March 2015
Plant and machineries	15,33,873	1,53,000		16,86,873	1.91.413	CT7. 30		207	
Furniture and fixtures	39,760	19	3.0	275			•	7,88,186	13,98,687
			•6	39,760	24,440	3,041	(i)	27,481	12,279
Office equipments	1,95,199	e	*	1,95,199	72,371	7,564	99,141	1,79,076	16.123
Computers and other peripherals	17,30,807		1	17,30,807	13,64,329	1,49,327	97.603	16 11 250	
Total	34,99,639	1,53,000		36,52,639	16,52,553	2.56.705	1 96 744	24 04 000	1,19,548
						College	1,70,744	700,00,17	15,46,637

^{*} During the previous year, pursuant to the transitional provisions of Schedule II in respect of fixed assets where the remaining useful life was "Nil" as on April 1, 2014, their carrying amount aggregating ₹ 196,744 and deferred tax there on had been adjusted against the opening reserves.



CL Media Private Limited Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

Current Year		Gross blo	Gross block (at cost)			Accountation			(Amount in ₹)
Description	As at 1 April 2015	Additions during the year	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015	For the year Adjustment	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at 31 March 2016	As at As at 31 March 2016
Computer software	3,27,604	*	•	3,27,604	3,27,604			3 27 604	
License fees	2,66,36,000		•	2,66,36,000	1,49,73,322	26,63,600		1.76.36.927	00.00
Content/Material Development		5,30,266	•	5,30,266		39,052	*	39,052	4.91.214
Total	2,69,63,604	5,30,266		2,74,93,870	1,53,00,926	27,02,652		1,80,03,578	94,90,292
Previous Year		Gross bloc	Gross block (at cost)						
		Additions	Dienorali	-		Accumulated amortisation	mortisation		Net block
Description	As at 1 April 2014	during the	Adjustment	As at 31 March 2015	As at 1 April 2014	For the year	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2015
Computer software	3,27,604	٠		3,27,604	3,27,604	Se.		3.27.604	
License fees	2,66,36,000	¥	(10)	2,66,36,000	1,23,09,722	26,63,600		1,49,73,322	1 16 67 678
Total	2,69,63,604			2,69,63,604	1,26,37,326	26.63 600		1 53 00 002	o cofford





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

13. Loans and advances

		-term	Sho	ort-term
	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Capital advances	5	3,000		
Security deposits	25,000	95,000	70,000	
MAT credit entitlement	6,06,59,505	4,51,68,468	111047551	
Advance income-tax [(net of provision for tax of ₹ 34,989,290) (P.Y. ₹ 13,144,126)]	17,76,274	13,04,522	2	
Advance to suppliers	2			
Prepaid expenses	5	(5)	14,91,772	8,17,3
Loans and advances to employees	2		6,40,726	71,5
Control of the Contro		S.	80,693	1,57,2
	6,24,60,779	4,65,70,990	22,83,191	10,46,1
14. Inventories (Refer footnote a)		4.		
			31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value			Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Raw materials (Refer footnote b)			70,81,705	96.86.1
Work-in-progress (Refer footnote c)			27,22,881	26,96,29
Finished goods			43,81,063	59,82,82
Less: Provision for slow moving inventory			(3,36,789)	37,02,0
			1,38,48,860	1,83,65,26
Footnote a: All inventories categories represent text books.				
ootnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7.0	81,705 (Previous year ₹ 2,722,881 (Previous yea	9,686,141). r ₹ 2,696,299).		
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 Footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 2	81,705 (Previous year ₹ 2,722,881 (Previous yea	9,686,141). r ₹ 2,696,299).		
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 Footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 2	81,705 (Previous year ₹ 2,722,881 (Previous yea	9,686,141). r ₹ 2,696,299).	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 Footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 2.	81,705 (Previous year ₹ 2,722,881 (Previous yea	9,686,141). ₹ 2,696,293).	31 March 2016 Amount in ₹	31 March 2015
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 2.15. Trade receivables	2,722,881 (Previous yea	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -		31 March 2015 Amount in ₹
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 3. 15. Trade receivables Insecured, considered good unless stated otherwise butstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date the	2,722,881 (Previous yea	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -		Amount in ₹
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 Footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 2 15. Trade receivables Insecured, considered good unless stated otherwise Dutstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date the Others (Refer footnote a)	2,722,881 (Previous yea	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 Footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 2 15. Trade receivables Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise Dutstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date the Others (Refer footnote a)	2,722,881 (Previous yea	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -	Amount in ₹ 8,97,50,582	
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote a fo	2,722,881 (Previous yea	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -	Amount in ₹ 8,97,50,582 33,30,15,058	Amount in ₹ 50,42,55
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote a fo	2,722,881 (Previous yea	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -	8,97,50,582 33,30,15,058 42,27,65,640	Amount in ₹ 50,42,55 27,52,47,88 28,02,90,436
rootnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote a: Includes amount due from related parties. (Refer not	2,722,881 (Previous yea	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -	Amount in ₹ 8,97,50,582 33,30,15,058 42,27,65,640 31 March 2016	Amount in ₹ 50,42,555 27,52,47,88 28,02,90,436 31 March 2015
rootnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c. Includes a partie of the progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c. Includes amount due from related parties, (Refer not followed as Includes amount due from related parties, (Refer not followed and bank balances	2,722,881 (Previous yea	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -	8,97,50,582 33,30,15,058 42,27,65,640	Amount in ₹ 50,42,55 27,52,47,88 28,02,90,436
rootnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c. Includes a partie of the progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote a ro	2,722,881 (Previous yea	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -	Amount in ₹ 8,97,50,582 33,30,15,058 42,27,65,640 31 March 2016	Amount in ₹ 50,42,555 27,52,47,88 28,02,90,436 31 March 2015
rootnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote d. Trade receivables Insecured, considered good unless stated otherwise utstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date the there (Refer footnote a) potnote a: Includes amount due from related parties. (Refer not 6. Cash and bank balances is an and cash equivalents tances with banks	2,722,881 (Previous yea	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -	Amount in ₹ 8,97,50,582 33,30,15,058 42,27,65,640 31 March 2016 Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹ 50,42,55 27,52,47,88 28,02,90,436 31 March 2015
ootnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 ootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 3. 5. Trade receivables Insecured, considered good unless stated otherwise utstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date the there (Refer footnote a) bottoote a: Includes amount due from related parties. (Refer not 5. Cash and bank balances sish and cash equivalents lances with banks	y are due for payment	Refer footnote a)	Amount in ₹ 8,97,50,582 33,30,15,058 42,27,65,640 31 March 2016 Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹ 50,42,55 27,52,47,88 28,02,90,430 31 March 2015 Amount in ₹
rootnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 3. 15. Trade receivables Insecured, considered good unless stated otherwise utstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date the there (Refer footnote a) potnote a: Includes amount due from related parties. (Refer not 6. Cash and bank balances 15. Cash and cash equivalents clances with banks on current accounts	y are due for payment	r ₹ 2,696,299). - -	Amount in ₹ 8,97,50,582 33,30,15,058 42,27,65,640 31 March 2016 Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹ 50,42,55 27,52,47,88 28,02,90,436 31 March 2015 Amount in ₹ 40,00,966
rootnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 rootnote c: Includes do unless stated otherwise utstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date the there (Refer footnote a) potenties are includes amount due from related parties. (Refer not 6. Cash and bank balances ash and cash equivalents clances with banks on current accounts there bank balances	y are due for payment (e 33)	Refer footnote a)	Amount in ₹ 8,97,50,582 33,30,15,058 42,27,65,640 31 March 2016 Amount in ₹ 77,64,301 77,64,301	Amount in ₹ 50,42,55 27,52,47,88 28,02,90,43i 31 March 2015 Amount in ₹ 40,00,966
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 footnote c: Includes described in secured, considered good unless stated otherwise butstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date the other (Refer footnote a) pootnote a: Includes amount due from related parties. (Refer not 6. Cash and bank balances ash and cash equivalents slances with banks on current accounts ther bank balances	y are due for payment (e 33)	Refer footnote a)	Amount in ₹ 8,97,50,562 33,30,15,058 42,27,65,640 31 March 2016 Amount in ₹ 77,64,301 77,64,301 32,45,822	Amount in ₹ 50,42,555 27,52,47,881 28,02,90,436 31 March 2015 Amount in ₹ 40,00,966
Footnote b: Includes raw materials lying with third parties ₹ 7,0 Footnote c: Includes work-in-progress lying with third parties ₹ 15. Trade receivables Insecured, considered good unless stated otherwise butstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date the	y are due for payment te 33)	Refer footnote a)	Amount in ₹ 8,97,50,582 33,30,15,058 42,27,65,640 31 March 2016 Amount in ₹ 77,64,301 77,64,301	Amount in ₹ 50,42,555 27,52,47,881 28,02,90,436 31 March 2015 Amount in ₹ 40,00,966

^{*} This deposit is pledged against Letter of Credit facility taken from Kotak Mahindra Bank of * 48,687 (sanction limit * 20,000,000). The tenure of the said Letter of Credit is less than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date.

17. Other current assets

Interest accrued but not due

Other receivable from related party (Refer note 33)



31 March 2015

Amount in ₹

86,086

86,086

18. Revenue from operations

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Revenue from operations	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Sale of books and study material (Refer footnote i and ii) Income from advertisement services (Refer footnote ii)	23,22,87,843 5,27,20,698	24,10,67,692 3,86,74,615
Other operating revenue	28,50,08,541	27,97,42,307
Content development and maintenance fees (Refer footnote ii) Sales of scrap	1,18,47,575	2,09,62,335
Subscription income	5,91,874 16,701	3,68,660 7,220
Total	1,24,56,150	2,13,38,215
Footnote:	29,74,64,691	30,10,80,522

Footnote 1: The Company is engaged in publishing of educational content and books which are subject to nil rate of excise duty.

Footnote ii: Includes revenue from related parties. (Refer note 33)

19. Other Income

Interest income on fixed deposits Amount in ₹ Amount	h 2015
	nt in ₹
	95,651
Miscellaneous income	3,27,933
1,36,722	1,89,662
14,04,763	,13,246

20. Cost of sales and services

20.1 Cost of materials consumed

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Local Control of the	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Inventory at the beginning of the period	96,86,141	32,37,290
Add: Purchases during the year (Refer footnote a)	6,23,55,253	6,86,09,541
Lores Inventory at the and of the set	7,20,41,394	7,18,46,831
Less: Inventory at the end of the period Total (A) (Refer footnote b)	70,81,705	96,86,141
Total (A) (Refer Toothote B)	6,49,59,689	6,21,60,690

Footnote a: Details of purchases are as follows:

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Dance	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Paper Lamination material Electronic storage disks and other material	6,12,62,294	6,75,60,596
	5,70,845	7,24,815
	5,22,114	3,24,130
	6,23,55,253	6,86,09,541

Footnote b: Details of consumption of imported and indigenous items are as follows:

Particulars	31 A	larch 2016	31 March 2	2015
A Charles and A Charles	Value (₹)	Percentage	Value (₹)	Percentage
Raw materials and other goods				Tercentage
Indigenous	6,49,59,689	100%	6,21,60,690	100%
Total	6,49,59,689	100%	6,21,60,690	100%



20.2 Other cost of goods sold

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Printing cost	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Binding and cover pasting charges	2,69,90,206	3,04,37,892
Content development cost	16,43,644	31,19,732
Packing material consumed	1,82,497	20,27,720
	7,85,339	6,41,920
Content editing and typing charges	35,210	2,11,350
Royalty charges	4,50,664	3,95,069
Labour cost	2,56,581	5,23,123
Total (B)	3,03,44,141	3,73,56,806
20.3 Cost of services rendered		
	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Advantage of the second	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Advertisement support services (Refer note 33)	2,21,47,417	1,23,22,444
Content development cost	6,37,025	74,14,115
Material printing cost	10,72,669	23,16,724
Total (C)	2,38,57,111	2,20,53,283
TOTAL (A+B+C)	11,91,60,941	12,15,70,779
21. Decrease in inventories of finished goods and work-in progress		
9	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Inventories at the beginning of the period	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
-Finished goods produced		
-Work-in-progress	59,82,829	73,65,235
The strain progress	26,96,299	1,63,27,484
Less: Inventories at the end of the period	86,79,128	2,36,92,719
Finished goods produced		
-Work-in-progress	43,81,063	59,82,829
Work in progress	27,22,881	26,96,299
Net decrease	71,03,944	86,79,128
not decidase	15,75,184	1,50,13,591
22. Employee benefit expenses		
	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
alary, wages, bonus and other benefits	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note 30)	5,10,65,860	3,21,78,174
eave encashment Expense (Refer note 30)	15,95,098	12,07,766
ratuity Expense (Refer note 30)	18,21,119	1,90,861
taff welfare expenses	4,60,802	7,22,960
THE CONTROL OF THE CO		





Staff welfare expenses



2,18,262

1,14,250

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

23. Finance cost

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Interest expense on		
- short term borrowings from related parties	74,38,246	17,42,922
- borrowings from financial institutions	5,69,745	_
- short term borrowings from banks		10,51,714
- Delay in payment of income tax	18,15,330	31,07,532
- Delay in payment of other statutory dues	42,746	
Other borrowing costs*	8,04,961	2,24,720
	1,06,71,028	61,26,888

^{*} Processing fee of 1% plus service tax thereon in respect of Letter of Credit facility sanctioned by Kotak Mahindra Bank.

24. Depreciation and amortisation expenses

	31 Mai Cii 2016	31 March 2015
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Depreciation of tangible assets (Refer note 11)	2,25,751	2,56,705
Amortisation of intangible assets (Refer note 12)	27,02,652	26,63,600
	29,28,403	29,20,305

25. Other expenses

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
2.3	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Freight and cartage outward	22,22,513	16,21,487
Retainership fee	14,13,578	8,22,209
Legal and professional charges (Refer note 28)	19,19,759	15,49,565
Equipment rentals and other hire Charges		10,077
Travelling and conveyance expenses	11,61,907	9,92,379
Marketing research expenses	45,600	.,,,,,,,
Repairs and maintenance:		
Machinery	92,038	34,918
Others	11,35,404	4,51,532
Office administration expenses	21,48,775	10,85,519
Lease rent charges (Refer note 34)	64,62,000	13,37,500
Business promotion expenses	14,17,623	8,900
Communication expenses	62,014	14,740
Insurance expenses	3,03,277	87,317
Bad debts written off	19,71,377	58,81,562
Provision for slow moving inventory	3,36,789	30,01,302
Miscellaneous expenses	10,63,427	7,18,977
Company and the first of the fi	2,17,56,080	1,46,16,682

---Space intentionally left blank---





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

26. Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2016 (Previous year 'Nil).

27. Commitments

There are no capital or other material commitments as at 31 March 2016 (Previous year 'Nil).

28. Payment to Auditor (excluding service tax)(included in legal and professional charges):

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
C4-4 1 (1)	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Statutory audit	6,50,000	6,00,000
	6,50,000	6,00,000

29. Disclosure relating to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006:

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any MSME supplier as at the end	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
of each accounting year included in		

Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises

Interest due on above

The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED ACT 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year

The amount of interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointment day during the year) but without adding the Interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006.

The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.

The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006.

30. Employee benefits

The Company has in accordance with the Accounting Standard-15 'Employee Benefits' calculated the various benefits provided to employees as under:

A. Defined contribution plans:

During the year the Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Contribution to provident fund (Refer note 22) Total	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
	15,77,381	11,57,482
	15,77,381	11,57,482

B. Defined employee benefits and other long term benefit schemes:

The present value obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method, which recognises each year of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligations. The summarized positions of various defined benefits are as under:



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

I. Actuarial assumptions

	Earned Leave	(Unfunded)	Gratuity	(Funded)
deligible and re-postulation (1) and (2)	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Discount rate (per annum)	8.00%	8.00%	8,00%	8.00%
Expected rate of increase in compensation levels	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	NA	NA	8.35%	8.00%
Expected average remaining working lives of employees (years)	25.43	26.90	25.43	26.90
Retirement age (Years)	58	58	58	58
Mortality table	IALM (2006-08)	IALM (2006-08)	IALM (2006-08)	IALM (2006-08)
Ages	Withdrawal Rate (%)	Withdrawal Rate	Withdrawal Rate (%)	Withdrawal Rate (%)
Up to 30 Years	3	3	3	3
From 31 to 44 years	2	2	2	2
Above 44 years	1	1	ī	1

Note:

The discount rate has been assumed at 8.00% p.a. (Previous year 8.00% p.a.) which is determined by reference to market yield at the balance sheet date on government securities. The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

II. Change in present value of obligation

(Amount in ₹)

	Earned Leave (L	Infunded)	Gratuity (F	unded)
	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the year	3,30,276	2,53,906	12,06,409	4,29,384
Acquisition adjustment	2,88,937		4,08,231	
Current service cost	9,11,877	2,67,986	6,21,990	4,52,002
Interest cost	26,422	23,029	96,513	38,945
Benefit paid	(74,746)	(1,14,491)	(1,90,385)	(38,077)
Actuarial loss/(gain) on obligation	8,82,820	(1,00,154)	(1,70,081)	3,24,155
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	23,65,586	3,30,276	19,72,677	12,06,409

III. Fair value of plan assets

(Amount in ₹)

	Gratuity fund	
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Plan assets at the beginning of the year	11,29,876	9,74,724
Expected return on plan assets	90,390	77,978
Contributions	97,810	86.538
Benefits paid	(1,90,385)	(38,077)
Actuarial gain/(loss) on plan assets Adjustment on account of difference in opening balance	(2,770)	14,164
Administrative Expenses		19,573
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	(9,420) 11,15,501	(5,024)
	11,13,301	11,29,876

--- Space intentionally left blank---





IV. Expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss for the year

	Earned Leave (u	infunded)	Gratuity (f	(Amount in ₹)
	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Current service Cost	9,11,877	2,67,986	6,21,990	4,52,002
Interest cost	26,422	23,029	96,513	38.945
Expected return on plan assets	-	3.67	(90,390)	(77,978)
Net actuarial loss/(gain) to be recognised	8,82,820	(1,00,154)	(1,67,311)	3,09,991
Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	18,21,119	1,90,861	4,60,802	7,22,960

V. Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation and fair value of assets

(Amount in ₹)

	Earned Leave (Unfunded)		Gratuity (F	funded)
	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	23,65,586	3,30,276	19,72,677	12,06,409
Fair Value of plan assets as at the end of the year		100 0000	11,15,501	11,29,876
Funded Status	(23,65,586)	(3,30,276)	(8,57,176)	(76,533)
Net (liability) recognised in Balance Sheet Amount classified as:	(23,65,586)	(3,30,276)	(8,57,176)	(76,533)
Short term provision (Refer Note 7)	33,743	4,778	29,047	10,617
Long term provision (Refer Note 7)	23,31,843	3,25,498	8,28,129	65,916

VI. Net assets/(liability) and actuarial experience gain/(loss) for present benefit obligation ('PBO') and plan assets.

(a) Gratuity (Funded)

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2013	(Amount in ₹) 31 March 2012
PBO	19,72,677	12,06,409	4,29,384	4,55,271	2,59,777
Plan assets	11,15,501	11,29,876	9,74,724	10,21,740	9,97,645
Net (liability)/assets	(8,57,176)	(76,533)	5,45,340	5,66,469	7,37,868
Experience gain/(loss) on PBO	1,70,081	1,97,802	57,514	(24,258)	39,649
Experience (loss)/gain on plan assets	(2,770)	26,348	(27,428)	(3,008)	1,371

The plan assets of the Company are managed by a trust formed by the Company which contributes to a fund managed by the Life Insurance Corporation of India in terms of an insurance policy taken to fund obligations of the Company with respect to its gratuity plan. The categories of plan assets as a percentage of total plan assets is based on information provided by Life Insurance Corporation of India with respect to its investment pattern for group gratuity fund for investments managed in total for several other companies. Information on categories of plan assets as at 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015 has not been provided by Life Insurance Corporation of India.

(b) Earned leave (Unfunded) (footnote)

PBO	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2013	(Amount in ₹) 31 March 2012
3/7/7/	23,65,586	3,30,276	2,53,906	3,21,797	2,08,465
Plan assets	9	12.00	7,500,500,500	3,21,777	2,00,403
Net (liability)/assets Experience gain/(loss) on PBO	(23,65,586) (8,82,820)	(3,30,276) 2,20,910	(2,53,906) (30,027)	(3,21,797) 47,062	(2,08,465)
	The state of the s	7		,002	00,700

Footnote: The Company has not funded its earned leaves liability.

(c) Employer's best estimate for contribution during next year

Gratuity	(Amount in ₹)
Earned leave	9,70,508
Larred Leave	3,99,581

31. Earnings per share

The calculation of Earnings per Share (EPS) has been made in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) -20. A statement of Basic and Diluted EPS is as under:

	Kererence	Units	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Profit attributable to equity shareholders	A	₹	8,56,61,264	9,98,88,369
Weighted average no. of equity shares	В	Nos.	10,000	10,000
Basic and Dilutive earnings per share	(A/B)	₹	8,566.13	9,988.84

Note: The Company does not have any outstanding dilutive potential equity shares. Hence the Basic and Diluted Earning

gs Per Share of the Company are same.

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

32. Segment reporting

Primary segment

The Company has identified two reportable business segments as primary segments: Publishing of books and media related services. The segments have been identified and reported taking into account the nature of products, the differing risks and returns, the organisation structure and the internal financial reporting systems.

Publishing of books include operations of publishing unit established in Roorkee, Uttrakhand.

Content and media related services include mainly advertisement service and content development income.

Financial information about the primary segments is given below:

For the year 31 March 2016

Particulars	Publishing of books	Media related services	Others	Total
Revenue				
External revenue	23,28,79,717	5,27,20,698	1,18,64,276	29,74,64,691
Total revenue	23,28,79,717	5,27,20,698	1,18,64,276	29,74,64,691
Results				
Segment results	10,65,35,307	(25,51,395)	1,18,64,276	11,58,48,188
Unallocated expenses				1,89,65,246
Operating profit				9,68,82,942
Finance costs				1,06,71,028
Other income including finance income				14,04,763
Other income (unallocable)				1-1,0-1,703
Profit before tax			¥ =	8,76,16,677
Income taxes			1	19,55,413
Net profit	76		1 -	8,56,61,264
As at 31 March 2016				
Segment assets	37,59,01,782	7,26,68,857		44.05.70.430
Unallocable assets	37,37,01,102	7,20,00,037	2	44,85,70,639
Total assets			-	7,57,34,589 52,43,05,228
Segment liabilities	4,81,69,029	6,02,54,227		10,84,23,256
Unallocable liabilities		5,02,0 3,22		8,50,09,001
Total liabilities			-	19,34,32,257
Other information				
Capital expenditure (including capital advances paid) (allocable)	*	4	¥	92
Capital expenditure (unallocable)	7.		9,47,089	9,47,089
Depreciation and amortisation (allocable)	16,10,014	9	2,47,009	16,10,014
Depreciation and amortisation (unallocable)	-		13,18,389	13,18,389
Other significant non-cash expenses (allocable)		33,71,593		33,71,593

Secondary segment

As the Company operates under single geographic location i.e. India, there are no separate reportable geographical segments.

--- Space intentionally left blank---





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

For the year ended 31 March 2015

Particulars	Publishing of books	Media related services	Others	Total
Revenue	N.			
External revenue	24,14,36,352	3,86,74,615	2,09,69,555	30,10,80,522
Total revenue	24,14,36,352	3,86,74,615	2,09,69,555	30,10,80,522
Results				
Segment results	9,93,86,618	50,72,305	2,09,69,555	12,54,28,478
Unallocated expenses				1,28,83,324
Operating profit				11,25,45,154
Finance costs				61,26,888
Other income including finance income				6,13,246
Profit before tax				10,70,31,512
Income taxes			V.7	71,43,143
Net profit			1 =	9,98,88,369
As at 31 March 2015				
Segment assets	26,74,10,881	4,45,81,903	L.	31,19,92,784
Unallocable assets				7,15,76,422
Total assets			-	38,35,69,206
Segment liabilities	3,63,22,338	3,08,10,697	14	6,71,33,035
Unallocable liabilities	W 21 12	150 51 0		6,96,83,525
Total liabilities				13,68,16,560
Other information				
Capital expenditure (including capital advances paid) (allocable)	1,56,000	2	2	1,56,000
Depreciation and amortisation (allocable)	15,96,773	11,63,600	1.65	27,60,373
Depreciation and amortisation (unallocable)		70 A	1,59,932	1,59,932
Other significant non-cash expenses (allocable)		58,81,562		58,81,562

Secondary segment

As the Company operates under single geographic location i.e. India, there are no separate reportable geographical segments.

--- Space intentionally left blank---



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

33. Related Party Disclosure

The disclosures as required by the Accounting Standard -18 (Related Party Disclosure) are as follows:-

(a) List of related parties

Relationship

(i) Related parties where control exists:

Relationship	Name of related party	
Holding Company	CL Educate Limited	

Name of related party

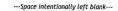
(ii) Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place:

Fellow subsidiaries	1. Kestone Integrated Marketing Services Private L	imited, India			
rettow substataties	2. G.K. Publications Private Limited, India				
	3. Career Launcher Education, Infrastructure and S	Services Limited			
Enterprises in which key management personnel and their relatives are able to exercise significant influence	Career Launcher Education Foundation, India CL Media Employee Gratuity Trust				
Key Management Personnel	1. Mr. Satya Narayanan R 2. Mr. Gautam Puri 3. Mr. Nikhil Mahajan				
(b) Details of related party transactions are as below:					
Particulars		31 March 2016	31 March 2015		
		(Amount in ')	(Amount in ')		
1.Revenue from operations					
a. Sale of books and study material (Gross of returns)					
- CL Educate Limited		10,89,63,594	11,39,75,616		
- G.K Publications Private Limited		17,41,58,671	19,18,88,081		
b. Sale return					
- G.K Publications Private Limited		7,77,25,039	7,72,55,681		
c. Content development and maintenance fee					
- CL Educate Limited		1,18,47,575	2,09,62,335		
d. Advertisement Income					
- Kestone Integrated Marketing Services Private Limited			7,25,328		
2. Purchases					
- G.K. Publications Private Limited		9	33,500		
3. Cost of services rendered					
Advertising support & Infra services					
- CL Educate Limited		1,96,72,417	1,23,22,444		
4. Other expenses					
Lease Rent		60,00,000	9,00,000		
Employee cost		1,09,16,638	-		
- CL Educate Limited					
5. Interest on loan					
 Kestone Integrated Marketing Services Private Limited 		18,99,587	12,94,560		
- CL Educate Limited		55,38,659	4,48,362		
5. Reimbursement of expense incurred on behalf of Compan	Y.				
- G.K. Publications Private Limited		52,544	1,58,013		
- CL Educate Limited		1,60,000	80,000		
	DIAP				



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

	31 March 2016 (Amount in ')	31 March 2015 (Amount in ')
7. Reimbursement of expense incurred by Company on behalf of related parties	(Amount in)	(Amount in)
- G.K. Publications Private Limited		3,45,383
8. Loan taken from related party		
- CL Educate Limited	3,18,36,238	4,15,78,301
- Kestone Integrated Marketing Services Private Limited	1,40,00,000	-
9. Interest income on gratuity fund		
- CL Media Employee Gratuity Trust	94,345	92,142
10. Loan repaid		
- CL Educate Limited	5,64,81,297	1,15,00,000
11. Amount paid by us on behalf of others		
- CL Educate Limited	*	63,500
12. Transfer of gratuity laibilities from fellow subsidiary		
-Career Launcher Education, Infrastructure and Services Limited	4,08,231	
13. Transfer of leave benefits laibilities from fellow subsidary		
-Career Launcher Education, Infrastructure and Services Limited	2,88,937	450
14. Conversion of interest expense into loan		
- CL Educate Limited	49,84,793	4,03,526
(c) Balance outstanding with or from related parties as: Amounts Receivable		
Trade receivable		
- CL Educate Limited	17,41,73,143	8,99,28,622
- G.K. Publications Private Limited	19,78,72,707	16,25,94,980
- Kestone Integrated Marketing Services Private Limited	16,24,525	16,24,525
Loans and advances (Gratuity fund)		
- CL Media Employee Gratuity Trust	11,15,501	11,29,876
Amounts Payable		
Trade payable		
- Career Launcher Education Foundation	8,92,027	8,92,027
- G.K. Publication Private Limited	33,500	33,500
- CL Educate Limited	4,68,60,022	1,86,18,360
Short term borrowings		
Kestone Integrated Marketing Services Private Limited	2,20,91,000	80,91,000
- CL Educate Limited	1,08,21,561	3,04,81,827
Other current liabilities (Interest accrued but not due)		
- Kestone Integrated Marketing Services Private Limited	71,06,609	53,96,980
Other payables		
- CL Educate Limited	1,11,56,638	80,000
Other receivables		
Caroor Launcher Education, Infrastructure and Condess Limited		





-Career Launcher Education, Infrastructure and Services Limited



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

34. Lease

The Company is a lessee under operating lease of two premises. The lease terms of premises range from 1 to 2 years and accordingly are short term leases. Rental expense for operating leases for the period ended 31 March 2016 is ₹ 6,462,000 and 31 March 2015 was ₹ 1,337,500. The Company has not executed any non-cancellable operating leases.

35. Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, which came into effect on 01 April 2014, requires the Company to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee of Directors, adopt a CSR Policy and spend at least 2% of its average net profits made during the immediately preceding three financial years towards CSR activities as set out in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013.

Accordingly, the board of directors approved CSR Policy of the Company at its meeting held on 16 February 2015. In accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company was required to spend '2,785,142 lacs (Previous year '1,079,116) on prescribed CSR activities. The Company is yet to undertake CSR activities and in accordance with the guidance provided by the institute of Chartered Accountants of India, no provision has been recorded in the books of account towards such unspent expenditure.

36. Previous year's figures have been regrouped and/or re-arranged wherever necessary to conform to current period's groupings and classifications.

As per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 103523W/ W100048

Pranav Jain Partner

Membership No.: 098308

Place: New Delhi Date: July 28, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of CL Media Private Limited

Nikhil Mahajan

Gautam Puri Director

Director Director DIN: 00033548 DIN: 00033404

Place: New Delhi Date : July 28, 2016 NEW DELHIT