Statutory Audit for the year ended March 31, 2015

Chartered Accountants

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

### To the Members of

### G.K. Publications Private Limited

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of G.K. Publications Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2015, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls and ensuring their operating effectiveness and the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal

Haribhakti & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants Regn. No. AAC- 3768, a limited liability partnership registered in India (converted on 17th June, 201 from firm Haribhakti & Co. FRN: 103523W)

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3rd Floor, 52-B, Okhla Industrial Estate, New Delhi - 110 020, India. Tel: +91 (11) 4711 9999 Fax: +91 (11) 4711 9998 Registered office: 705, Leela Business Park, Andheri-Kurla Road, Andheri (E), Mumbai - 400 059, India. Other offices: Ahmedabad, Bengaluru, Chennai, Coimbatore, Hyderabad, Kolkata, Mumbai, Pune.

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financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2015, its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (1) As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2015 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- (2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
  - e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2015, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2015 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - f. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - (i) The Company does not have any pending litigation which would impact its financial position;
    - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts and hence, the question of any material foreseeable losses does not arise;





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(iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No. 193523W

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Pranav Jain

Partner

Membership No. 098308 ACCO

Date: June 23, 2015 Place: NEW DELHI

Chartered Accountants

Annexure to Independent Auditors' Report

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of G.K. Publications Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2015]

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) During the year, the fixed assets of the Company have been physically verified by the management and as informed, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
- (ii) (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
  - (b) The procedures of physical verification of inventory followed by the management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
  - (c) The Company is maintaining proper records of inventory. As informed, discrepancies noticed in physical verification during the year have been properly dealt with in the books of account.
- (iii) As informed, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3 (iii)(a) and 3 (iii)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there exists an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in internal control system of the Company.

There are no transactions with respect to sale of services.

- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted deposits from the public within the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vi) The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records for any of the business activities of the Company under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vii) (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, value added tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, value added tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it, were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



Chartered Accountants

- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, value added tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it, which have not deposited on account of any dispute.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- (viii) The Company does not have accumulated losses at the end of financial year. However, the company has incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit. The company had not incurred cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to any bank.

  The company has not issued any debentures.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(x) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) The Company has not obtained any term loans.

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(xii) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud on or by the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such instance by the management.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 103523W

Pranav Jain Partner

Membership No. 098308 DACC

Date: June 23, 2015 Place: NEW DELHI

### G.K. Publications Private Limited Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015

Particulars	Notes	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	8-	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	\ <del>-</del>		=======================================
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3	1,900,000	1,900,000
Reserves and surplus	4	16,497,373	18,486,318
		18,397,373	20,386,318
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term provisions	5	694,420	254,725
	· ·	694,420	254,725
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	6	47,116,883	53,934,309
Trade payables	7	163,988,198	116,594,501
Other current liabilities	8	7,144,367	5,262,859
Short-term provisions	. 5	1,802,611	7,164,188
	_	220,052,059	182,955,857
Total		239,143,852	203,596,900
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
-Tangible assets	9	1,014,847	1,156,725
-Intangible assets	10	1,527,648	2,551,286
Deferred tax assets (net)	11	1,356,218	501,515
Long-term loans and advances	12	365,371	350,000
	÷	4,264,084	4,559,526
Current assets			
Inventories	13	72,076,093	79,792,212
Trade receivables	14	146, 196, 785	101,809,953
Cash and bank balances	15	15,731,907	16,820,929
Short-term loans and advances	12	605,226	266,643
Other current assets	16	269,757	347,637
Total	-	234,879,768	199,037,374
		239,143,852	203,596,900
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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As per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.:103523W

Pranav Jain

Partner

Membership No.: 098

Place: New Delhi

Date: June 23, 2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

G.K. Publications Private Limited

Gautam Puri

Director

DIN: 00033548

Nikhil Mahajan

Director

DIN: 00033404

Place: New Delhi

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2015

Particulars	Notes	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
a a	-	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Income	-		
Revenue from operations	17	167,412,270	185,190,275
Other income	18	1,987,318	615,974
Total revenue (I)	=	169,399,588	185,806,249
Expenses			
Purchases of stock-in-trade	19	114,632,400	159,184,040
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories of traded goods	20	7,716,119	(30, 178, 102)
Employee benefit expenses	21	10,659,083	9,822,178
Finance cost	22	7,586,789	2,486,804
Depreciation and amortisation expense	23	1,399,979	1,419,596
Other expenses	24	30,116,358	26,711,849
Total expenses (II)	-	172,110,728	169,446,365
(Loss)/ Profit before prior period items and tax (I - II)	_	(2,711,140)	16,359,884
Prior period expenses (Net)	25	)重:	52,340
(Loss)/ Profit before tax	-	(2,711,140)	16,307,544
Less: Tax expense for current period			
-Current tax		870	5,282,410
-Deferred tax (benefit)	11	(813,758)	(421,148)
Total tax expenses		(813,758)	4,861,262
(Loss)/ Profit after tax	:( <del></del>	(1,897,382)	11,446,282
(Loss)/ Earnings per equity share	26		
Nominal value of ₹ 10 each (Previous year ₹ 10 each)	20		
-Basic and Diluted		(9.99)	60,24
- basic and braced		(7.77)	00.24
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

**NEW DELHI** 

As per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.:103523W

Pranav Jain

Partner

Membership No.: 09830

Place: New Delhi

Date: June 23, 2015

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

G.K. Publications Private Limited

Gautam Puri

Director

DIN: 00033548

Nikhil Mahajan

Director

DIN: 00033404

Place: New Delhi



Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2015	2	
·	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
A Cash flow from operating activities		
Net profit before tax and after prior period items	(2,711,140)	16,307,544
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,399,979	1,419,596
Finance cost (excluding interest on delayed payment of income tax and statutory liabilities)	6,889,054	2,357,564
Interest on delayed payment of income tax and statutory liabilities	697,735	129,240
Interest income	(1,400,613)	(386,263)
Bad debts written off	1,699,607	
Operating profit before working capital changes	6,574,622	19,827,681
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:		
Inventories	7,716,119	(30,178,102)
Trade receivables	(46,086,439)	(20,266,640)
Short term loan and advances	(338,583)	826,358
Long term loans and advances	•	(350,000)
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Trade payables	47,393,697	15,225,453
Other current liabilities	1,550,259	(3,755,698)
Long term provisions	439,695	34,319
Short term provisions	444,407	324,962
Cash generated from operations	17,693,777	(18,311,667)
Taxes paid	(6,519,089)	(1,078,666)
Net cash generated/(used in) from operating activities	11,174,688	(19,390,333)
B Cash flow from investing activities:		
Capital expenditure on fixed assets	(35,722)	(729, 144)
Investments in fixed deposits	6	(15,000,000)
Interest received	1,478,493	38,626
Net cash generate from Investing activities	1,442,771	(15,690,518)
C Cash Flow from financing activities:	2	
Finance cost paid	(6,889,054)	(2,826,291)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings		58,248,809
Repayment of short-term borrowings	(446,301)	(13,714,500)
Repayment of short-term borrowings from related party (net)	(6,371,126)	(10,752,963)
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(13,706,481)	30,955,055
Net (decrees) in each and each analysis to (4.0.5)	(1,089,022)	(4.125.70()
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1,087,022)	(4,125,796)
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer note 15)	4 820 020	E 04/ 704
-at beginning of the period	1,820,929	5,946,724
-at end of the period	731,907	1,820,929
Add: Deposits with maturity less than 12 months from balance sheet date (Refer foot note 3)	15,000,000	15,000,000
Cash and bank balances	15,731,907	16,820,929

### Notes

- 1. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method set out in AS-3 as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- ${\bf 2.\ Notes\ to\ the\ Financials\ Statements\ are\ integral\ part\ of\ the\ Cash\ Flow\ Statement.}$
- 3. This deposit is pledged against Cash Credit facility from Kotak mahindra Bank of \$\frac{1}{5},000,000.

As per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.:103523W

Prahav Jain
Partner
Membership No.: 098308

Place: New Delhi Date: June 23, For and on/behalf of the Board of Directors of G.K. Publications Private Limited

Gautam Puri Director DIN: 00033548

Nikhil Mahajan Director DIN: 00033404

Place: New Delhi



### 1. Background

G.K. Publications Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on 31 May 2001 under the Companies Act, 1956. The Company operates in test preparation industry through distribution of study resources, study guides, sample test papers and question banks to help students improve their performance in professional entrance examinations like GATE, IES, IAS, IIT, AIEEE, etc. CL Educate Limited holds 100% (previous year 100%) equity shares of the Company.

The accompanying financial statements reflect the results of the activities undertaken by the Company during the year 01 April 2014 to 31 March 2015.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

### (i) Basis for preparation of financial statements:

The financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act"), read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis. The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company and are consistent with those used in the previous year.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act.

### (ii) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the managements' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates. Any revision in accounting estimate is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

### (iii) Inventories

Inventories comprising traded goods are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchases and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition. Cost is arrived at on the basis of specific identification method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business and estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The comparison of cost and net realisable value is made on an item by item basis.

### (iv) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

### Sale of books and scrap

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have passed on to the buyer and is disclosed net of sales return and trade discounts.





### Interest

Revenue from interest on time deposits is recognised on the time proportion method taking into consideration the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rates.

### (v) Fixed assets

### Tangible Assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes (wherever applicable), less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing fixed assets, including day to day repair and maintenance and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Fixed assets retired from active use and held for disposal are stated at lower of book value and net realisable value as estimated by the Company and are shown separately in the financial statements under other current assets. Loss determined, if any, is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss, whereas profit and sale of such assets is recognised only upon completion of sale thereof.

### Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and where its cost can be reliably measured. Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.

### (vi) Depreciation and amortisation

### Depreciation

Depreciation has been calculated on Straight Line Method at the following useful lives, based on management estimates, which are equal useful lives as per schedule II to the Act.

Depreciation on addition to fixed assets is provided on pro-rata basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. Depreciation on sale/discard from fixed assets is provided for up to the date of sale, deduction or discard of fixed assets as the case may be.

Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013 has become applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2014. Accordingly, the Company has determined the useful life of its assets as per Schedule II. Revised useful lives and earlier useful lives are as under earlier useful lives are as under:





Asset	Revised useful life	Existing useful life
Plant and Machinery	15	5
Computer Equipments	3	6.17
Furniture and Fixtures	10	5
Office Equipments	5	5

In accordance with the transitional provisions of Schedule II, in respect of tangible assets where the remaining useful life is 'Nil', their carrying amount aggregating ₹ 132,508 and deferred tax there on after retaining the residual value as on 01 April 2014 as determined by the management has been adjusted against the opening balance of retained earnings as on that date.

As a consequence, had the company not adopted Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, depreciation for the year would have been higher by ₹ 10,872, loss for the period would have been higher by ₹ 10,872 and the written down value of tangible assets as at 31 March 2015 would have been ₹ 1,136,482 as against reported written down value of ₹ 1,014,847. Impact of change in estimates of useful lives on subsequent periods is not realistically ascertainable.

### **Amortisation**

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life. The useful lives of assets are as under:

Asset	Useful life
Non compete fee	5
Software	2

### (vii) Impairment of assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

After impairment, depreciation/amortisation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

### (viii) Leases

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership over the lease term are classified as operating lease. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

### (ix) Employee benefits

### (a) Short term employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, and bonus etc. are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

### (b) Long term employee benefits:

### (i) Defined contribution plans: Provident Fund

All employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the Provident Fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the employee and the employer make monthly contributions to the plan at a predetermined rate as per the provisions of The Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India.

The Company's contributions to the scheme are expensed off in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has no further obligations under these plans beyond its monthly contributions.

### (ii) Defined contribution plans: Employee state insurance

Employees whose wages/salary is within the prescribed limit in accordance with the Employee State Insurance Act, 1948, are covered under this scheme. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India.

The Company's contributions to the scheme are expensed off in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has no further obligations under these plans beyond its monthly contributions.

### (iii) Defined benefit plans: Gratuity

The Company provides for retirement benefits in the form of gratuity. Benefits payable to eligible employees of the Company with respect to gratuity, a defined benefit plan is accounted for on the basis of an actuarial valuation as at the Balance Sheet date. In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the plan provides for lump sum payments to vested employees on retirement, death while in service or on termination of employment in an amount equivalent to 15 days basic salary for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service. The present value of such obligation is determined by the projected unit credit method and adjusted for past service cost as at the Balance Sheet date through which the obligations are to be settled. The resultant actuarial gain or loss on change in present value of the defined benefit obligation is recognised as an income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (iv) Other long-term benefits: Leave encashment

Benefits under the Company's leave encashment scheme constitute other employee benefits. The liability in respect of leave encashment is provided on the basis of an actuarial valuation done by an independent actuary at the end of the year. Actuarial gain and losses are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (x) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.





### (xi) Taxation

Tax expense for the year comprising current tax, deferred tax charge or benefit and MAT credit entitlement is included in determining the net profit for the year.

### Current Tax

Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act, 1961.

### **Deferred Tax**

Deferred tax charge or credit reflects the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward of losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty backed by convincing evidence of realisation of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are written-down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably / virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

### Minimum alternate tax

Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as current tax. The Company recognises MAT credit available as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the Company recognises MAT credit as an asset in accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Credit Available in respect of Minimum Alternative Tax under the Incometax Act, 1961, the said asset is created by way of credit to the statement of Profit and Loss and shown as "MAT Credit Entitlement." The Company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent the Company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

### (xii) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

### (xiii) Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs relating to acquisition or construction or production of assets which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are included as cost of such assets to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.





(xiv) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

### Provision

A provision arising from claims, litigation, assessment, fines, penalties, etc. is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect current management estimates.

Provision for sales returns is recognised to the extent of estimated margin on expected returns based on past trends.

### Contingent liabilities

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that probably will not require an outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

### Contingent assets

Contingent assets are neither recorded nor disclosed in the financial statements.

### (xv) Material events

Material events occurring after the Balance Sheet date are taken into cognisance.

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### 3 Share capital

a) The Company has only one class of share capital having a par value of ₹ 10 per share, referred to herein as equity shares.

	31 March 2015		31 March	h 2014
	Number	Amount in ₹	Number	Amount in ₹
Authorised shares Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (previous year ₹ 10 each)	250,000	2,500,000	250,000	2,500,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (previous year ₹ 10 each)	190,000	1,900,000	190,000	1,900,000
	190,000	1,900,000	190,000	1,900,000

b. Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period.

Particulars	31 March 2015		31 March 2014	
T di Cloure I	Number	Amount in ₹	Number	Amount in ₹
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the period	190,000	1,900,000	190,000	1,900,000
Shares outstanding at the end of the period	190,000	1,900,000	190,000	1,900,000

### Terms/rights attached to equity shares

### Voting

Equity shares: Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

### Dividends

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual general meeting except in the case where interim dividend is distributed. The Company has not declared any dividend during the current year and previous year.

### Liquidation

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares shall be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. Such distribution amounts will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Shares held by holding/ ultimate holding company and/ or their subsidiaries/associates

Particulars	Nature of	are of 31 March 2015		31 March 2014	
	Relationship	Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
CL Educate Limited	Holding Company	189,999	99.99%	189,999	99.99%
Nikhil Mahajan	Nominee of CL	<b>1</b>	0.01%	1	0.01%
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Educate Limited				

d. Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares of the Company

	31 Mar	31 March 2015		31 March 2014	
Equity shares of ₹ 10, each fully paid	Holding in numbers	% of total equity shares	Holding in numbers	% of total equity shares	
CL Educate Limited	189,999	99.99%	189,999	99.99%	
	189,999	99.99%	189,999	99.99%	

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

One share is held by nominee shareholder of CL Educate Limited.

e. No class of shares have been issued as bonus shares and shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.





### 4 Reserves and surplus

	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		<u>.                                      </u>
Opening balance	18,486,318	7,040,036
Net (Loss)/Profit for the year	(1,897,382)	11,446,282
(-) Depreciation adjustment pursuant to Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 (Refer footnote)	(132,508)	•
(+) Deferred tax on depreciation adjustment pursuant to Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013	40,945	2
Total reserves and surplus	16,497,373	18,486,318

### Footnote

Pursuant to the transitional provisions of Schedule II in respect of fixed assets where the remaining useful life is "Nil" as on April 1, 2014, their carrying amount aggregating ₹ 132,508 and deferred tax thereon has been adjusted against the opening reserves.

### 5 Provisions

	Long-	Long-term		erm
· ·	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Provision for taxes				
-for Income tax [net of advance tax and tax A deducted at source of ₹ Nil (previous year ₹ 2,911,028)]	3#5	le:	(₩:	5,805,984
Provision for sales return (Refer footnote i) B	*	¥. ⊙ <b>e</b> s	1,788,747	1,350,000
Provision for employee benefits				
Gratuity (Refer note 33)	643,083	245,033	10,860	7,782
Leave encashment (Refer note 33)	51,337	9,692	3,004	422
Sub total C	694,420	254,725	13,864	8,204
Total (A+B+C)	694,420	254,725	1,802,611	7,164,188

### Footnote

i. Provision for sales return has been created for estimated loss of margin on expected sales returns in future period against products sold during the twelve months period. The provision has been recorded based on management's estimate as per past trend and actual sales return till the date of signing of financial statements. Following is the movement in provision made:

	31 Mai Cii 2013	31 March 2014	
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	
Opening balance	1,350,000	998,559	
(+) Additions during the period	1,788,747	1,350,000	
(-) Utilised/reversed during the period	(1,350,000)	(998,559)	
Closing balance	1,788,747	1,350,000	





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

### 6 Short-term borrowings

	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Secured loans	-	
Loan from bank (Refer footnote i)	13,991,285	14,323,063
Unsecured loans		
Loan from bank (Refer footnote ii)	18,849,868	18,964,391
Loan from others (Refer footnote iii and note 32)	14,275,729	20,646,855
	47,116,883	53,934,309

Footnote i: Secured loan from bank represents over draft facility from Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited. The above amount represents the limit availed out of the total fund limit of ₹ 15,000,000 (Previous year ₹ 15,000,000). The loan is secured by the following:

### **Primary security**

First and exclusive charge on all present and future current and movable assets including movable fixed assets of the Company.

Lien over the fixed deposit of ₹ 15,000,000.

### **Guarantees**

The overdraft facility is further secured by personal guarantees of Mr. Satya Narayanan R., Mr. Gautam Puri and Mr. Nikhil Mahajan. Aggregate amount of overdraft facility guaranteed by directors of the Company ₹ 13,991,285 (previous year ₹ 14,323,063).

### Interest rate:

The overdraft facility carries an interest rate of 14.25% (bank's base rate i.e.10% + 4.25%) per annum payable on monthly basis. The above loan is repayable on demand.

Footnote ii: Secured loan from bank represents over draft facility from IndusInd Bank Limited. The above amount represents the limit availed out of the total fund limit of ₹ 19,000,000 (previous year ₹ 19,000,000).

### Security:

Kestone Integrated Marketing Services Private Limited, a fellow subsidiary company has pledged its fixed deposits as security for the above over draft facility from IndusInd Bank Limited.

### Interest rate:

The overdraft facility carries an interest rate of 11% (Bank's fixed deposit rate i.e.9.25% + 1.75%) per annum payable on monthly basis.

The above loan is repayable by 20 February 2016 or maturity date of underlying fixed deposits, whichever is earlier.

Footnote iii: Represents loan repayable on demand to the holding company. The aforesaid loan bears interest rate of 14.50%. The interest on loan is added to the loan amount at the end of every financial year, when it becomes due. The disbursement under the loan shall be repaid on demand at any time upon service of 1 month notice on the borrower.

### 7 Trade payables

	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Trade payable (Refer note 31 and footnote i)	163,988,198	116,594,501
	163,988,198	116,594,501
Footnote	-	

i. Includes amount payable to related party (Refer note 32),

### 8 Other current liabilities

	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Payable for expenses (Refer note 31)	2,526,308	1,960,059
Employee related payables	1,606,342	1,885,784
Advance from customers	2,464,542	988,975
Payable to government authorities	215,926	428,041
Payable for capital Expenditure (Refer note 31)	331,249	
	7,144,367	5,262,859





31 March 2014

31 March 2015

G.K. Publications Private Limited Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

9 Tangible assets\* (Refer footnote a)

		Gros	Gross block			Accumulated	Accumulated depreciation		(Amount in ₹) Net block
Description	As at 1 April 2014	Additions during the year	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at 31 March 2015	As at 1 April 2014	For the year	Adjustment pursuant to Schedule II *	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2015
Furniture and fixtures	285,125	8	æ	285,125	119,748	18,883	•	138,631	146,494
Office equipments	399,754	1,649	ĸ	401,403	187,195	68,006		255,201	146,202
Plant & machinery	185,731	246,581	9	432,312	15,978	11,358	<u>(*)</u>	27,336	404,976
Computers	1,585,779	86,800	to	1,672,579	976,743	246,153	132,508	1,355,404	317,175
Total	2,456,389	335,030	a	2,791,419	1,299,664	344,400	132,508	1,776,572	1,014,847
		SP	Gross block			Accumulated	Accumulated depreciation		Net block
Description	As at 1 April 2013	Additions during the year	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at 31 March 2014	As at 1 April 2013	For the year		As at 31 March 2014	As at 31 March 2014
Furniture and fixtures	285,125	ii	e ja	285,125	62,722	57,026	ê	119,748	165,377
Office equipments	311,018	88,736	ž	399,754	119,294	67,901		187,195	212,559
Plant & Machinery	Ĭ.	185,731	•	185,731	2	15,978		15,978	169,753
Computers	1,203,079	382,700	•00	1,585,779	718,743	258,000		976,743	609,036
Total	1,799,222	657,167	)\$ <b>¥</b> (	2,456,389	900,759	398,905		1,299,664	1,156,725

# Footnote

HATO BHAKTI & CO

a. Tangible assets are subject to first and exclusive charge to secure the Company's borrowings referred in notes as secured term loan from banks and bank overdrafts in the current year and in the previous year. (See note 6). \*Pursuant to the transitional provisions of Schedule II in respect of fixed assets where the remaining useful life is "Nil" as on April 1, 2014, their carrying amount aggregating ₹ 132,508 and deferred tax thereon has been adjusted against the opening reserves.





# 10 Intangible assets (Refer footnote a)

		Gros	Gross block			Accumulated	Accumulated amortisation	-	(Amount in ₹) Net block
Description	As at 1 April 2014	Additions during the year	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at 31 March 2015	As at 1 April 2014	For the year	Disposal/ Adjustment	Disposal/ As at Adjustment 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2015
Computer softwares	93,977	31,941		125,918	42,691	55,579	)000	98,270	27,648
Non-compete fees	5,000,000	•10	<b>A</b> ()	5,000,000	2,500,000	1,000,000		3,500,000	1,500,000
Total	5,093,977	31,941		5,125,918	2,542,691	1,055,579		3,598,270	1,527,648
		Gros	Gross block			Accumulated	Accumulated amortisation	-	Net block
Description	As at 1 April 2013	Additions during the year	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at 31 March 2014	As at 1 April 2013	For the year	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at 31 March 2014	As at 31 March 2014
Computer softwares	22,000	71,977	97 <b>0</b> 92	93,977	22,000	20,691	<b>1</b> 55	42,691	51,286
Non-compete fees	5,000,000	ě	*	5,000,000	1,500,000	1,000,000		2,500,000	2,500,000
Total	5,022,000	71,977	27 🖢	5,093,977	1,522,000	1,522,000 1,020,691		2,542,691	2,551,286

# Footnote

a. Intangible assets are subject to first and exclusive charge to secure the Company's borrowings referred in notes as secured term loan from banks and bank overdrafts in the current year and in the previous year. (See note 6).





### 11 Deferred tax asset (net)

In accordance with Accounting Standard 22 on 'Accounting for Taxes on Income' the net increase in deferred tax asset of ₹ 813,758 (net of schedule II adjustment of ₹ 40,945) has been recognised as benefit in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The tax effect of significant timing differences as at 31 March 2015 that reverse in one or more subsequent years gave rise to the following net deferred tax assets as at 31 March 2015.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

peterred tax assets and traditities are attributable to the following.	31 March 2015	Benefit/ (Charge) for the period	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Deferred tax assets			
Provision for leave encashment	16,791	13,666	3,125
Provision for gratuity	202,068	123,948	78,120
Provision for sales return	552,723	135,573	417,150
Unabsorbed losses	407,120	407,120	
Provision for sales incentive	100,587	(112,682)	213,269
Provision for bonus	73,695	73,695	-
Total deferred tax assets	1,352,983	641,320	711,664
Deferred tax liabilities			
On account of depreciation	3,234	213,383	(210,149)
Total deferred tax liabilities	3,234	213,383	(210,149)
Net deferred tax asset	1,356,218	854,703	501,515
Footnote:			
Deferred tax benefit for the year	854,703		
Less: Transfer to retained earnings on account of Schedule II adjustments	(40,945)		
Net deferred tax benefit for the year	813,758		

In assessing the realisability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is reasonable, that some portion, or all, of the deferred tax assets will be realised. The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible.

### 12 Loans and advances

	Long-te	erm	Short-t	erm
	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated				\$ <del></del>
Advance to suppliers	3	1965	<b>±</b> 68,151	12,701
Security deposits	350,000	350,000	1,000	1,000
Prepaid expenses		1100	166,709	142,609
Loans and advances to employees	· ·	- জ	369,366	110,333
Advance income tax and tax deducted at source [Net of provision ₹ 8,422,088 (previous year ₹ Nil)]	15,371	80	3 <b>©</b> €	•
,	365,371	350,000	605,226	266,643
3 Inventories		24		
			31 March 2015	31 March 2014
			Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value				
Stock in trade-Books			72,076,093	79,792,212
			72,076,093	79,792,212





14 Trade receivables	20		
		31 March 2015	31 March 2014
		Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise		,	
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due	e for payment		
- Considered good (Refer footnote a)		33,057,093	438,381
Others			
- Considered good (Refer footnote a)		113,139,692	101,371,572
		146,196,785	101,809,953
Footnote a: Includes amount due from related parties. (Refer note 32)		-	:=
15 Cash and bank balances			
		31 March 2015	31 March 2014
		Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand		166	19,783
Balances with banks			
- on current accounts		731,907	1,801,146
8	Sub total (A)	731,907	1,820,929
Other bank balances			
Deposits with maturity less than 12 months from Balance Sheet date *		15,000,000	15,000,000
	Sub total (B)	15,000,000	15,000,000
	Total (A+B)	15,731,907	16,820,929
		9	

<sup>\*</sup> This deposit is pledged against Cash Credit facility from Kotak mahindra Bank of ₹ 15,000,000 (Also refer footnote i of note 6)

16 Other current assets		31 March 2015	31 March 2014
		Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
	20		
Interest accrued but not due on fixed deposits		269,757	347,637
, and the second		269,757	347,637

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17 Revenue from operations	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Revenue from operations Sale of books	166,583,982	184,542,825
Other operating revenue	21	
Sale of scrap	828,288	647,450
	167,412,270	185,190,275
Footnote:	****	
The Company deals in only one product namely "Trading of books". Hence disclose electronic storage disks sold are delivered with books (wherever applicable) as a determined separately.	ures under broad heads are not appl In integral part of sale and hence th	icable. Additionally, eir value cannot be
18 Other Income		
	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Interest income on fixed deposits	1,400,613	386,263
Liabilities no longer required written back	493,302	142,951
Leave encashment excess provision written back	93,403	6,660
Miscellaneous income	1,987,318	80,100 615,974
	1,987,318	013,774
19 Purchase of Stock-in-trade	<u> </u>	
	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Text books (Refer note 32)	114,632,400	159,184,040
•	114,632,400	159,184,040
20 Decrease/(increase) in inventories of stock-in-trade		
	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Inventories at the end of the period	72,076,093	79,792,212
Inventories at the beginning of the period	79,792,212	49,614,110
Net decrease/ (increase)	7,716,119	(30,178,102)
21 Employee benefit expenses		
21 Employee belieft expenses	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Salary, wages, bonus and other benefits	9,308,537	8,960,028
Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note 33)	748,742	670,531
Leave encashment (Refer note 33)	44,227	( <b>3</b> )
Gratuity expenses (Refer note 33)	401,128	14,500
Staff welfare expenses	156,449	177,119
	10,659,083	9,822,178
22 Finance cost		
ZZ i mance cost	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Interest expenses	2 <del></del>	
- On loan from related party (Refer note 32)	2,754,305	1,769,587
- On bank overdraft facility	4,092,614	418,550
- On delay in payment of statutory liabilities	160	887
- On delay in payment of income tax	697,575	129,240
Loan processing charges	42,135	168,540
	7.586.789	2.486.804





7,586,789

2,486,804

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

23 Depreciation and amortisation expenses		
	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Depreciation of tangible assets (Refer Note 9)	344,400	398,905

Amortisation of intangible assets (Refer Note 10) 1,055,579 1,020,691 1,399,979 1,419,596

### 24 Other expenses

- Other expenses	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Consumption of packing materials	2,428,365	1,978,204
Rent (Refer note 34)	2,582,527	1,769,670
Power and fuel	770,096	620,360
Travelling and conveyance expense	7,968,226	8,030,873
Legal and professional expenses (Refer note 29)	886,922	865,155
Business promotion expenses	825,363	1,460,352
Rebates and discounts	1,785,633	1,892,427
Bad debts	1,699,607	
Sales Incentive	212,135	1/5
Communication expenses	1,209,734	1,029,796
Rates and taxes	210,429	122,037
Insurance expenses	209,220	160,404
Freight and cartage	5,713,228	5,012,188
Repair and maintenance-others	700,782	620,739
Printing and stationery	106,457	356,183
Bank charges	<b>39,139</b>	33,152
Provision for sales return (Refer note 5)	1,788,747	1,350,000
Miscellaneous expenses	979,748	1,410,309
	30,116,358	26,711,849

### 25 Prior period expenses (net)

		31 March 2015	31 March 2014
		Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Prior period expenses	2		
- discount difference for earlier year			52,340
Prior period expenses		7.5	52,340
Prior period expenses (net)		792	52,340
The period expenses (new)			

### 26 Basic and diluted earnings per share

The calculation of earnings per share (EPS) has been made in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) -20. A statement on calculation of Basic and Diluted EPS is as under.

	Reference	Units	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
(Loss)/profit attributable to equity shareholders	A	₹	(1,897,382)	11,446,282
Weighted average numbers of equity shares	В	Numbers	190,000	190,000
Basic and Dilutive (loss)/ earnings per share	(A/B)	₹	(9.99)	60.24
v				

Note: The Company does not have any outstanding potential equity shares. Hence the Basic and diluted Earnings Per Share of the Company are same.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

### 27 Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2015 (Previous Year ₹ Nil).

### 28 Commitments

There are no capital or other material commitments as at 31 March 2015 (Previous Year ₹ Nil).

### 29 Auditors' Remuneration (included in legal and professional expenses)(excluding service tax)

,	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	*Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Statutory audit	450,000	450,000
	450,000	450,000

### 30 Segment reporting

The disclosures as required under Accounting Standard-17 on 'Segment Reporting' has not been provided as the Company deals in one business segment namely "Trading of books". As the Company operates under single geographic location, there are no separate reportable geographical segments

### 31 Disclosure relating to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006:

	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year included in		
- Trade payables	163,988,198	116,594,501
- Other current liabilities	774.740	
Payables for capital Expenditures	331,249	920
Payables for expenses	2,526,308	1,960,059
Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	25	359
Interest due on above	3	
	166,845,755	118,554,560
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED ACT 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond day each accounting year	:4	<b>(20)</b>
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointment day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006.	* .	<b>3</b> .
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.		i.s.
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006.		

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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

### 32 Related Party Disclosure

The disclosures as required by the Accounting Standard-18 on "Related Party Disclosures" are as follows:

- (a) List of related parties
- (i) Related parties where control exists:

Relationship	Name of related party	
Holding Company	CL Educate Limited	
(ii) Other related parties where with whom transactions ha	ave taken place:	
Relationship	Name of related party	
Enterprises that are under common control with the	1. CL Media Private Limited	
reporting enterprise - Fellow subsidiaries	2. Kestone Integrated Marketing service Private Limited	
Key managerial personnel	1. Mr. Satya Narayanan R.	
	2. Mr. Gautam Puri 3. Mr. Nikhil Mahajan	
	5. Mr. Pikilik manajan	
(b) Details of related party transactions are as below:	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
Particulars	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹
Solo of harder (not of naturns)		
a) Sale of books (net of returns) Holding Company		
- CL Educate Limited	11,899,722	6,464,998
- CL Media Private Limited	33,500	-
b) Purchase of books (net of returns)		
Fellow subsidiaries	114 477 400	150 194 040
- CL Media Private Limited	114,632,400	159,184,040
c) Loan taken		
Holding Company		
- CL Educate Limited		17,900,000
d) Repayment of Loan		
Holding Company		
- CL Educate Limited	8,850,000	13,714,500
	¥.	
e) Interest expense on loan Holding Company		
- CL Educate Limited	2,754,305	1,769,587
f) Reimbursement of expenses to related parties	(40)	
Holding Company	90 000	158,522
- CL Educate Limited Fellow subsidiaries	80,000	130,322
- CL Media Private Limited	345,383	38
CE Media 1777dec Elimed	ž.	
a) Eveness incurred on habits of values described		
g) Expenses incurred on behalf of related parties Fellow subsidiaries		
- CL Media Private Limited	158,013	359,101
	,	,,,,
h) Conversion of interest into loan		
Holding Company	B (75 AT )	4 200 700
- CL Educate Limited	2,478,874	1,592,628
i) Conversion of payable for FA into Loan		
Holding Company		
- CL Educate Limited	¥ res	5,000,000



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

### Balance outstanding as at period end

a) Trade Receivables		
Holding Company		
- CL Educate Limited	13,536,134	2,986,521
- CL Media Private Limited	33,500	9)
b) Trade Payables		
Fellow subsidiaries		
- CL Media Private Limited	162,594,980	116,293,710
c) Other Payable		
Holding Company		
- CL Educate Limited	238,521	158,521
	¥.	
d) Short term borrowings		
Holding Company		
- CL Educate Limited	14,275,729	20,646,855

### Personal guarantee provided by Key Managerial Personnel

Overdraft from Kotak Mahindra Bank is collaterally secured by personal guarantee of:

- 1) Mr. Satya Narayanan R.
- 2) Mr. Gautam Puri
- 3) Mr. Nikhil Mahajan

The above disclosure does not include Fixed Deposit of ₹ 20,000,000 pledged by Kestone Integrated Marketing Services Private Limited for overdraft facility availed by the Company from IndusInd Bank Limited.

### 33 Employee Benefits

The Company has in accordance with the Accounting Standard-15 'Employee Benefits' calculated the various benefits provided to employees as under:

### A. Defined contribution plans:

During the period the Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	
.e.	Amount in ₹	Amount in ₹	
Contribution to Provident Fund (Refer note 21)	558,554	488,675	
Contribution to Employee State Insurance Scheme (Refer note 21)	190,188	181,856	
Total	748,742	670,531	

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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

B. Defined employee benefits and other long term benefit schemes:

The present value obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligations. The summarised positions of various defined benefits are as under:

### i. Change in present value of obligation

- (/	۱ma	un	t i	in	₹)

	Earned Leave (unfunded)		Gratuity (unfunded)	
Particulars	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the period	10,114	16,774	252,815	238,315
Current service cost	15,121	3,285	150,543	74,993
Interest cost	917	1,342	22,930	19,065
Actuarial loss/(gain) on obligation	28,189	(11,287)	227,655	(79,558)
Present value of obligation at the end of period	54,341	10,114	653,943	252,815

### ii. Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period

(Amount in ₹

				(Antount in 4)
Gratuity (unfunded)	Earned Leave	(unfunded)	Gratuity (u	nfunded)
Particulars	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
Current service cost	15,121	3,285	150,543	74,993
Interest cost	917	1,342	22,930	19,065
Net actuarial loss/(gain) to be recognised	28,189	(11,287)	227,655	(79,558)
Expense/(income) recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss (Refer note 21)	44,227	(6,660)	401,128	14,500

### iii. Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet

(Amount in ₹)

	Earned Leave (	unfunded)	Gratuity (u	nfunded)
Particulars	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
Present value of obligation at the end of the period	54,341	10,114	653,943	252,815
Planned assets	19	1.2	*	₩
Net liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	54,341	10,114	653,943	252,815
Amount classified as:				
Long term provision (Refer note 5)	51,337	9,692	643,083	245,033
Short term provision (Refer note 5)	3,004	422	10,860	7,782

### iv. Actuarial assumptions

111 1101001101				
	Earned Leave (unfunded)		Gratuity (unfunded)	
	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
Discount rate (per annum)	8.00%	9.07%	8.00%	9.07%
Expected rate of increase in compensation levels	8 UU&	5 00%	8 UU&	5 00%

Expected rate of increase in compensation levels	8.00%	5.00%	8.00%	5.00%
Average Age	33.51	31.60	32.68	31.60
Retirement age (Years)	58	58	58	58
Mortality table	IALM (2006-08)	IALM (2006-08)	IALM (2006-08)	IALM (2006-08)
Ages	Withdrawal Rate (%)	Withdrawal Rate (%)	Withdrawal Rate (%)	Withdrawal Rate (%)
Up to 30 Years	3	3	3	3
From 31 to 44 years	2	2	2	2
Above 44 years	1	1	1	1

The discount rate has been assumed at 8.00% p.a. (Previous year 9.07%) which is determined by reference to market yield at the Balance Sheet date on government securities. The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

v. Net assets/(liability) and actuarial experience gain/(loss) for present benefit obligation ('PBO') and plan assets.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

(a) Gratuity (unfunded) [Refer footnote]

					(Amount in ₹)
	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2013	31 March 2012	31 March 2011
Present value of obligation	653,943	252,815	238,315	53,210	
Fair value of plan assets	195	3:	(20)	<b>1</b> 4	*
Net funded status	(653,943)	(252,815)	(238,315)	(53,210)	2
Experience adjustments on plan					2
liabilities-gain/(loss)	86,800	32,994	(90,617)	34,361	
					1.7

(b) Earned leave (unfunded) [Refer footnote]

, Larried teare (amanaes) (Never 1998)					(Amount in ₹)
	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2013	31 March 2012	31 March 2011
Present value of obligation	54,341	10,114	16,774	21,892	
Fair value of plan assets	(%)			er.	
Net funded status	(54,341)	(10,114)	(16,774)	(21,892)	2
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities-(loss)/gain	(2,280)	9,435	15,256	14.1	¥

Footnote: The Company has not funded its gratuity and earned leaves liability.

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(c) Employer's best estimate of contribution during next year

(c) Employer's best estimate or contribution during next year	
Particulars	Amount in ₹
Gratuity	261,834
Leave encashment	25,563

- 34 The Company is a lessee under an operating lease. Rental expense for operating lease for the year ended 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 was ₹ 2,582,527 and ₹ 1,769,670 respectively. The Company has not executed any non-cancellable operating leases.
- 35 The Company has conducted a Transfer Pricing Study using the services of an independent chartered accountant for Specified Domestic Transactions ('SDT') with its associated parties domiciled in India as stipulated in Section 92BA of the Income Tax Act, 1961, applicable in India, to determine whether such SDT with associated parties in India are being undertaken at "arm's length basis". The management is of the opinion that all transactions with associated enterprises are undertaken at negotiated contracted prices on usual commercial terms and are at arms' length.
- 36 Previous year's figures have been regrouped and/or re-arranged wherever necessary to conform to current year's groupings and classifications.

As per our report of even date

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP **Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W

Pranay Jain

Partner

Membership No.: 098308

Place: New Delhi

Date: June 23, 2015

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

G.K. Publications Private Limited

Gautam Puri

Director

DIN: 00033548

Nikhil Mahajan

Director

DIN: 00033404

Place: New Delhi