Chartered Accountants

# Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited

Statutory Audit for the year ended March 31, 2013

#### Independent Auditors' Report

#### To

#### The Members of Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited

#### Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of Section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956 ("the Act"). This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- (a) In the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2013;
- (b) In the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the profit for the year ended on that date; and
- (c) In the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.



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#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (4A) of section 227 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 227(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit:
- (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement comply with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of Section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956;
- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2013, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2013, from being appointed as a director in terms of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of Section 274 of the Companies Act, 1956.

For Haribhakti & Co. Chartered Accountants

Figuration No.: 103523W

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Partner OS Membership No.: 074715

Place: **Gre**ater Noida Date: July 27, 2013

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#### Annexure to Independent Auditors' Report

[Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013]

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) The fixed assets of the company have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book records and the physical inventory have been noticed. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, a substantial part of fixed assets has not been disposed of by the Company during the year.
- (ii) The Company is engaged in providing various infrastructure facilities, soft skills, educational and consultancy programs and does not hold any inventory. Accordingly clauses (ii)(a), (ii)(b), (ii)(c) of paragraph 4 of the Order are not applicable.
- (iii) (a) The Company has granted loan to four companies and other parties covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956. The maximum amount involved during the year was ₹ 359,183,182 and the year-end balance of loans granted to such parties was ₹ 359,183,182.
  - (b) In aur apinian and accarding to the information and explanations given to us, the rate of interest and ather terms and conditions for such loans given to Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, are prima facie, prejudicial to the interest of the Campany. The year-end balance of such loan was ₹ 92,565,256. Maximum amount involved during the year on such loans was ₹ 92,565.256.
    - In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the rate of interest and other terms and conditions for loans given to other companies and parties covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956 are *prima facie*, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
  - (c) The Company has granted an interest free loan to its subsidiary company and principal is not yet due for repayment.
    - In respect of loans granted to other parties, repayment of the interest is as stipulated and principal is not yet due for repayment.
  - (d) There is no amount overdue in respect of loans granted to companies, firms or other parties listed in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act.
  - (e) The Company has taken unsecured loans from one party covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956. The maximum amount involved during the year was ₹ 2,587,394 and the year-end balance of loans taken from such parties was ₹ 2,587,394.
  - (f) In our opinion, the rate of interest and other terms and conditions for such loans are not, *prima facie*, prejudicial to the interest of the Company.



#### Annexure to Independent Auditors' Report

- (g) In respect of loans taken, repayment of the principal amount is as stipulated and payment of interest has been regular.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there exists an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and nature of its business with regard to purchase of fixed assets. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any continuing failure to correct major weakness in internal control system of the Company in this regard.
  In our opinion, internal control system with regard to sale of services needs to be strengthened in order

to be commensurate with the size of the Company and nature of its business. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has initiated the process of rectifying such weakness in internal controls related to sale of services and accordingly, we have not observed any continuing failure to correct major weakness in internal control system of the Company in this regard.

There are no transactions with regard to purchase of inventory and sale of goods.

- (v) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the particulars of contracts or arrangements referred to in section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956 that need to be entered into the register maintained under section 301 have been so entered.
  - (b) We are unable to comment if the transactions made with the parties listed in section 301 of the companies Act, 1956, in pursuance of such contracts or arrangements exceeding value of rupees five lakhs have been entered into during the financial year at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time as market prices comparable to those transactions with similar terms are not available, and are considered to be proprietary in nature as explained by the management of the Company.
- (vi) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vii) In our opinion, the scope of internal audit needs to be enhanced to make it commensurate with the size and nature of Company's business.
- (viii) The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of Section 209 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
- (ix) (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of provident fund and income tax. However, there have been delays in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of tax deducted at saurce, employees' state insurance and service tax.
   Statutory dues including investor education and protection fund, sales tax, wealth tax, cess, custom duty and excise duty are currently not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed dues in respect of provident fund, investor education and protection fund, employees' state insurance, income tax deducted at source, wealth-tax, sales-tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and other statutory dues, wherever applicable, were outstanding, at the yearend for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable. Details of service tax outstanding at the year end for a period of more than six months from the date it become payable are os follows:



#### Annexure to Independent Auditors' Report

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (₹)	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment
Finance Act, 2004	Service Tax under Reverse Charge Mechanism	51,890	Year ended March 31, 2013	Various dates	Various dates after March 31, 2013

(c) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of service tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

The dues outstanding in respect of income tax on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (₹)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Tax deducted at Source	646,236	Financial Year 2011-12	Assessing Officer

As informed to us investor education and protection fund, sales tax, wealth tax, cess, custom duty and excise duty are currently not applicable to the Company.

- (x) In our opinion, the accumulated losses of the Company are not more than fifty percent of its net worth. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and in the immediately preceding year.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to a bank. The Company has no outstanding dues in respect of financial institutions or debenture holders.
- (xii) According to the information and explanation given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not granted loans and advances on the basis of security by way of pledge of shares, debentures and other securities.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not a chit fund or a nidhi/mutual benefit fund/society. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4(xiii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not dealing in or trading in shares, securities, debentures and other investments. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 4(xiv) Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has given guarantee for loans taken by subsidiary company amounting ₹ 280,000,000 from banks, the terms and conditions whereof in our opinion are not, *prima facie*, prejudicial to the interest of the company.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanation given to us, we are of the opinion that the term loans taken by the Company have been applied for the purpose for which they were raised.



Chartered Accountants

#### Annexure to Independent Auditors' Report

- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term investments.
- (xviii) The Company has made preferential allotment of shares to parties and companies covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act. In our opinion, the price at which shares have been issued is not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (xix) The Company did not have any outstanding debentures during the year.
- (xx) The Company has not raised any fund from public issues.
- (xxi) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud on or by the company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management.

For Haribhakti & Co. Chartered Accountants

Registration No.: 103523W

Rat KumaPagarwal

**NEW DELHI** 

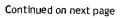
Partner

Membership No.: 074715

Place: Greater Noida Date: July 27, 2013

# Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013

	Note		(Amount in ₹)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3		
Reserves and surplus	3	93,698,380	92,802,620
Assorted and surptes	4	640,438,154	605,091,717
		734,136,534	697,894,337
Share application money pending allotment	37	13,500 <b>,03</b> 2	•
		13,500,032	
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	5	504,398	(04 553
Other long-term liabilities	6	1,101,900	694,552
Long-term provisions	7	1,084,693	912,400
	,	2,690,991	582,630
		2,670,991	2,189,582
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	8	2,587,394	-
Trade payables	9	1,569,294	554 <b>,84</b> 8
Other current liabilities	10	10,516, <b>92</b> 3	9,503,108
Short-term provisions	7	31 <b>,6</b> 31	188,549
		14,705,242	10,246,505
TOTAL		765,032,799	740 220 424
ASSETS		703,032,777	710,330,424
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
-Tangible assets	11	2,866,134	2,990,683
-Intangible assets	12	214, <b>11</b> 1	319,101
Non-current investments	13	337,264,104	337,264,104
Long-term loans and advances	14	16,845 <b>,71</b> 5	20,353,467
Other non-current assets	15		11,552
	•	357,190,064	360,938,907
	•		<del> </del>



#### Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013

Continued from previous page

Current assets	Note	As at March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) As at March 31, 2012
Trade receivables	16	20,223,813	20 770 70
Cash and bank balances	17	16,739,061	39,779,994
Short-term loans and advances	18	370,870, <b>7</b> 92	53,958,571 255,504,640
Other current assets	19	9,069	148,312
		407,842,735	349,391,517
TOTAL		765,032,799	710,330,424
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Haribhakti & Co-

Chartered According

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Partner

Membership No.: 074715

For and on behalf of board of directors of

Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited

Gautam Puri

Managing Director

Satya Narayanan R.

Director

Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date: July 27, 2013

Place: Greater Noida

Date: July 27, 2013

#### Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended March 31, 2013

	Note	Year ended March 31, 2D13	(Amount in ₹) Year ended March 31, 2012
Income			
Revenue from operations	20	35,99 <b>7,94</b> 2	40,442,686
Other income	21	30,244,800	<b>33</b> ,159,857
Total revenue		66,242,742	73,6D2,543
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	22	22,219,398	25,043,438
Finance costs	23	143,318	469,480
Depreciation and amortisation expense	24	735,089	1,473,127
Other expenses	25	26,078,426	28,544,223
Total expenses		49,176,231	55,53D,268
Profit before prior period items, exceptional item and tax		17,066,511	18,072,2 <b>7</b> 5
Prior period expenses	26	887,839	80,834
Profit before exceptional item and tax		16,178,672	17,991,441
Exceptional items			
-Bad trade receivables written off	38	•	31,929,883
Profit / (Loss) before tax		16,178,672	(13,938,442)
Tax expense:			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
-Current tax		2,184 <b>,21</b> 2	-
-Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit		(2,184,2 <b>12</b> )	-
-Deferred tax charge/(benefit)		-	(44,874)
		<del></del>	(44,874)
Profit/(Loss) from the year		16,178,672	(13,893,568)
Earning/(loss) per share (in ₹):	30		
(nominal value of ₹ 10 per share)			
-Basic (before exceptional item)		1.74	1.94
-Basic (after exceptional item)		1.74	(1.49)
-Diluted (before exceptional item)		1.74	1.94
-Diluted (after exceptional item)		1.74	(1.49)
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Haribhakti & SanAKT

Chartered Accompants

Firm Registra No.: 103523W VEW DELHI

Raj Kumar Agarwa

Partner

Membership No.: 074715

For and on behalf of board of directors of

Career Launcher, Education Infrastructure and Services Limited

Satya Narayanan R.

Director

Gautam Puri

Managing Director

Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date: July 27, 2013

Syed Talib Mehdi

Place: Greater Noida Date: July 27, 2013

# Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2013

Cash flow from operating activities  Net profit/(loss) before tax  Adjustments for:  Depreciation and amortisation  Finance costs  Loss on sale of assets, net  Exceptional item-bad trade receivables written off  Bad trade receivables written off  Interest income  Liabilities no longer required written back	735,089 143,318 - - 2,039,387 (29,987,942)	March 31, 2012 (13,938,442) 1,473,127 469,480 156,005 31,929,883 165,315
Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation Finance costs Loss on sale of assets, net Exceptional item-bad trade receivables written off Bad trade receivables written off Interest income	735,089 143,318 - - - 2,039,387	1,473,127 469,480 156,005 31,929,883
Depreciation and amortisation Finance costs Loss on sale of assets, net Exceptional item-bad trade receivables written off Bad trade receivables written off Interest income	143,318 - - - 2,039,387	469,480 156,005 31,929,883
Finance costs  Loss on sale of assets, net  Exceptional item-bad trade receivables written off  Bad trade receivables written off  Interest income	143,318 - - - 2,039,387	469,480 156,005 31,929,883
Loss on sale of assets, net Exceptional item-bad trade receivables written off Bad trade receivables written off Interest income	143,318 - - - 2,039,387	469,480 156,005 31,929,883
Exceptional item-bad trade receivables written off Bad trade receivables written off Interest income	2, <b>0</b> 39,387	156,005 31,929,883
Bad trade receivables written off Interest income	·	31,929,883
Interest income	·	
= · · · · · = · · · =	·	103,313
Liabilities no longer required written back	( , = , - :)	(32,605,833)
<del></del>	(224,408)	(277,328)
	(27, 294, 556)	1,310,649
Operating loss before working capital changes	(11,115,884)	
Movement in ossets and liabilities, net	(11,113,004)	(12,627,793)
Decreace in other non-current assets	11,552	227 472
Decreace/(increase) in trade receivables	17,516,794	236,462 (12,447, <b>0</b> 55)
Decrease/(Increase) in short-term loans and advances	1,369,476	(12,447,035) (952,486)
Increase in short-term provisions	(156,918)	162,724
Increase in trade payables	1,014,446	209,776
(Decrease) in other current liabilities	1,218,304	(866,941)
Increase in other long-term liabilities	189,500	282,400
Increase in long-term provisions	502,063	215,218
<b></b>	21,665,217	(13,159,902)
Cash used in operations	10,549,333	(25,787,695)
Less: taxes paid, net of refund	(3,778,132)	(1,624,934)
Net cash used in operating activities	6,771,201	(27,412,629)
Cash flow from investing activities		
Capital expenditure on fixed assets and capital work in progress	(505,550)	(2.050.947)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	(303,330)	(2,050,817)
Loans given to related parties	(99,297,879)	201,002 (249,876,312)
Loans realised from related parties	(**,***,***)	(249,676,312) 34,744
Inter-corporate deposits realised	7,285,884	5,090,580
Proceeds from fixed deposits	46,055,104	193,177,202
Interest received	12,689,437	<b>16,</b> 011,624
Net cash used in investing activities	(33,773,004)	(37,411,977)



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# Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2013

Continued from previous page

	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) Year ended March 31, 2012	
Cash flow from financing activities			
Porceeds from issue of right shares (net of share issue expenses)	33,563,556		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings (including current maturities)	-	1,000,000	
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	2,5 <b>87</b> ,394		
Repayment of long-term borrowings (including current maturities)	(169,237)	(234,888)	
Finance cost	(144,316)	(463,242)	
Net cash generated from financing activities	35,837,397	301,870	
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,835,594	(64,522,736)	
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer note 17)		, ,,	
-Beginning of the year	7,135,773	71,658,509	
-End of the year (A)	15,971,367	7,135,773	
Deposits with original maturity of more than three months (B) (Refer to note 17)	767,694	46,822,798	
Cash and bank balances as per balance sheet (A+B)	16,739,061	53,958,571	

Summary of significant accounting policies (refer note 2)

i. The notes referred above form an integral part of the financial statements.

ii. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Accounting Standard 3 on Cash Flow Statements the Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006 (as amended).

As per our report of even date

For Haribhakti & Co.

Chartered Accountants KT/

Firm Registration 50.: 103523W

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Raj Kumar Agarwa Partner

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Membership No.: 074715

Place: Greater Noida

Date: July 27, 2013

For and on behalf of board of directors of

Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited

Gautam Puri

Managing Director

Director

Satya Narayanan R.

Syed Talib Mehdi

Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida

Date: July 27, 2013

#### 1. BACKGROUND

Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited ('the Company') was incorporated in India on June 16, 2005 to provide various infrastructure facilities, soft skills, educational and consulting programs. The Company is a subsidiary of CL Educate Limited that holds 57.31% (Previous year 57.57%) of its share capital. The accompanying financial statements reflect the results of the activities undertaken by the Company during the year April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (i) Basis for preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP) under the historical cost convention on accrual basis. These financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material respects with the accounting standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are consistent with those of previous year.

#### (ii) Current/non-current classification of assets/liabilities

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Revised Schedule VI to the Companies Act, 1956. The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities

#### (iii) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the reported date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the managements' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates. Any revision in accounting estimate is recognized prospectively in current and future periods.

#### (iv) Fixed assets

#### Tangible assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of CENVAT (wherever applicable), less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any cost attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing fixed assets, including day to day repair and maintenance and cost of replacements, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Losses arising from the retirement of, and gain or losses arising from disposal of tangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of asset and recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



#### Intangible assets

Intangible fixed assets including computer software are stated at their cost of acquisition net of CENVAT (wherever applicable), less accumulated amortization and impairment loss thereon if any. An intangible asset is recognized where it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and where its cost can be reliably measured.

Losses arising from the retirement of, and gain or losses arising from disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of asset and recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (v) Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortisation has been calculated on Straight Line Method at the following useful lives, based on management estimates, which are equal to or higher than the rates specified as per schedule XIV of the Companies Act, 1956, which in the opinion of the management are reflective of the estimated useful lives of fixed assets:

Particulars	Useful life (years)
Tangible Assets:	
Furniture and fixtures	10
Office equipment	10
Vehicle	10
Computer equipment	5
Leasehold improvements	3
Intangible Assets:	
Software	5

Depreciation/amortisation on addition to tangible/intangible fixed assets is provided on pro-rata basis from the date the asset is ready/available for its intended use. Depreciation on sale/deduction from fixed assets is provided for up to the date of sale, deduction and discardment as the case may be.

All assets costing  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  5,000 or below are depreciated/amortised in full by way of a one-time depreciation/amortisation charge.

#### (vi) Impairment of assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors as mentioned in Accounting Standard- 28 "Impairment of Assets". An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the assets' net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.

After impairment, depreciation/amortisation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

#### (vii) Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs relating to acquisition or construction or production of assets which take substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included as cost of such assets to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.



#### (viii) Foreign exchange transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction. Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the year-end are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the Balance Sheet. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are carried at cost.

Any income or expense on account of exchange differences either on settlement or on translation of transactions is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (ix) Revenue recognition

- a) Soft Skill fee is fee charged from different schools on revenue sharing basis and is recognized on accrual basis over the year of rendering services.
- b) License fee on account of grant of brand on non exclusive basis is onetime fee charged from different schools and is recognised in the year in which contract is executed
- School fee from students is recognized on accrual basis.
- d) Income from interest on deposit and loans is recognized on the time proportion method taking into consideration the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate.

#### (x) Employee benefits

#### (a) Short term employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as Short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages and bonus etc are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

#### (a) Long term employee benefits:

#### (i) Defined contribution plans:

#### Provident fund:

All employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the Provident Fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the employee and the employer make monthly contributions to the plan at a predetermined rate [presently 12% restricted to maximum salary limit of ₹ 6500 p.m.] of the employees' basic salary. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by the Government of India.

The Company's contributions to the scheme are expensed off in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has no further obligations under these plans beyond its monthly contributions.

#### Employee state insurance:

Employees whose wages/salary is within the prescribed limit as stipulated in Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948, are covered under the scheme. These contributions are made to the fund administered and managed by Government of India.

The Company's contributions to the scheme are expensed off in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has no further obligations under these plans beyond its monthly contributions.



#### (ii) Defined benefit plans: Gratuity

The Company provides for retirement benefits in the form of Gratuity. Benefits payable to eligible employees of the company with respect to gratuity, a defined benefit plan is accounted for on the basis of an actuarial valuation as at the Balance Sheet date. In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the plan provides for lump sum payments to vested employees on retirement, death while in service or on termination of employment an amount equivalent to 15 days basic salary for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service. The present value of such obligation is determined by the projected unit credit method and adjusted for past service cost and fair value of plan assets as at the balance sheet date through which the obligations are to be settled. The resultant actuarial gain or loss on change in present value of the defined benefit obligation or change in return of the plan assets is recognised as an income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The expected return on plan assets is based on the assumed rate of return of such assets. The Company contributes to a fund set up by Life Insurance Company of India.

#### (iii) Other long term employee benefits: Leave encashment

Benefits under the Company's leave encashment scheme constitute other employee benefits. The liability in respect of leave encashment is provided on the basis of an actuarial valuation done by an independent actuary using Projected Unit Credit Method at the end of the year. Actuarial gain and losses are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (iv) Employee stock option scheme

The stock options are accounted as per the accounting treatment prescribed by the Guidance Note on accounting for employee share based payments issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, whereby the value of the option being, excess of fair value of the underlying share, as determined by the independent valuer immediately prior to the date of award over its exercise price is recognized as deferred employee compensation with a credit to employee stock options outstanding account. The deferred employee compensation is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss on straight line basis over the vesting period of the option. The balance in employee stock option outstanding account net of any unamortized deferred employee compensation is shown separately as part of shareholders fund.

#### (xi) Investment

#### Accounting treatment

Investments that are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments.

Long-term investments are stated at acquisition cost. Provision for diminution in the value of long-term investments is made only if such a decline is other than temporary. Current investments are valued at lower of cost and market value on individual investment basis.

#### Classification in the financial statements

Investments that are realizable within the period of twelve months from the Balance Sheet date are classified as current investment. All other investments are classified as non-current investments.

#### (xii) Leases

#### Where the Company is lessee

Finance leases, which effectively transfer to the company substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the inception of the lease term at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and present value of minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Lease management fees, legal charges and other initial direct costs of lease are capitalized.



A leased asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset or the useful life envisaged in Schedule XIV to the Companies Act, 1956, whichever is lower. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the company will obtain the ownership by the end of the lease term, the capitalized asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset, the lease term or the useful life envisaged in Schedule XIV to the Companies Act, 1956.

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Where the Company is the lessor

Leases in which the company transfers substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as finance leases. Assets given under finance lease are recognized as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. After initial recognition, the company apportions lease rentals between the principal repayment and interest income so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the finance lease. The interest income is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Assets subject to operating leases are included in fixed assets. Lease income on an operating lease is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Costs, including depreciation, are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (xiii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### (xiv) Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the year determined in accordance with the Income-tax law) and deferred tax charge or credit.

Deferred tax charge or credit reflects the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward of losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are written-down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably / virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as current tax. The company recognizes MAT credit available as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the company recognizes MAT credit as an asset in accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Credit Available in respect of Minimum Alternative Tax under the Income-tax Act, 1961 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India, the said asset is created by way of credit to the Statement of Profit and Loss and shown as "MAT Credit Entitlement." The company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent the company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.



#### (XV) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date.

#### (xvi) Share issue expenses

Share issue expenses are adjusted against the securities premium account as permissible under Section 72(2) of the Companies Act, 1956 to the extent balance is available for utilization in the securities premium account. The balance of share issue expenses in excess of securities premium account, if any, is carried as an asset and is amortized over a period of 5 years from the date of the issue of shares.

(xvii) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

#### Provision

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is more likely that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligations and the amount has been reliably estimated. Such provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the management's estimation of the obligation required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect management's current estimates.

#### Contingent liabilities

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made where it is more likely than not that a present obligation or possible obligation may result in or involve an outflow of resources. When no present or possible obligation exists and the possibility of an outflow of resources is remote, no disclosure is made.

#### Contingent assets

Contingent assets are neither recorded nor disclosed in the financial statements.

#### (XVIII) Material events

Material events occurring after the Balance Sheet date are taken into cognizance.

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#### 3. Share capital

The Company has only one class of share capital having a par value of ₹ 10 per share, referred to herein as equity share.

Particulars Particulars	As at Marc	h 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012		
	Numbers	Amount in ₹	Numbers	Amount in ₹	
Authorised shares					
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (Previous year ₹10)					
	10,000,000	100,000,000	10,000,000	100,000,000	
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up shares				<del></del>	
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (Previous year ₹10)	9,369,838	93,698,380	9,280,262	92,802,620	
	9,369,838	93,698,380	9,280,262	92,802,620	

#### a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding as at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Particulars	As at Marc	h 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012		
	Numbers	Amount in ₹	Numbers	Amount in ₹	
At the beginning of the year	9,280,262	92,802,620	9,280,262	92,802,620	
Issued during the year	89,576	895,760	-	•	
Outstanding at the end of the year	9,369,838	93,698,380	9,280,262	92,802,620	

#### b) Terms/rights attached to equity share

#### Voting

Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

#### Dividends

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting except in the case where interim dividend is distributed.

#### Liquidation

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares shall be entitled to receive all of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. Such distribution amounts will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c) Shares held by the holding company / ultimate holding company and/or their associates/ subsidiaries.

Name of share holders	As at March 31, 2013			As at March 31, 2012		
	Numbers	Amount în ₹	% held	Numbers	Amount in ₹	% held
<ol> <li>CL Educate Limited, the holding company</li> </ol>	5,369,738	53,697,380	57.31	5,343,008	53,430,080	57.57

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d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of share holders		As at March 31, 2013			As at March 31, 2012		
		Numbers	Amount in ₹	% held	Numbers	Amount in	% held
i.	CL Educate Limited, the holding company	5,369,738	53,697,380	57.31	5,343,008	53,430,080	 57.57
ii.	Bilakes Exports Private Limited	962,500	9,625,000	10.27	962,500	9,625,000	10.37
iii. iv.	GPE (India) Limited Housing Development	938,597	9,385,970	10.02	886,437	8,864,370	9.55
	Finance Corporation (HDFC)	938,028	9,380,280	10.01	938,028	9,380,280	10.11
٧.	Shantanu Prakash	478,820	4,788,200	5.11	478,820	4,788,200	5.16

e) No class of shares have been allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or bought back.

#### f) Shares reserved for issue under options

The Company has one stock option plan. Employee stock options are convertible into equity shares in accordance with the employees' stock option plan.

Pursuant to the resolution passed by the Board of Directors at its meeting on September 30, 2008, the Company introduced "Career Launcher Employee Dptions Plan 2008" which provides for the issue of 100,000 equity shares to employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. All the above options granted are planned to be settled in equity at the time of exercise and have maximum vesting period of 3 years from the date of respective grants. As at March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2012 the company had 15,000 and 19,000 number of shares reserved for issue under the scheme respectively. (Also refer to note 36).

#### 4. Reserve and surplus

4.1 Securities Premium		(Amount in ₹)
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Opening balance	644,242,743	644,242,743
Add: Premium on issue of equity shares	19,169,264	
Less: Share issue expenses	(1,500)	-
Closing balance (A)	663,410,507	644,242,743
4.2 Surplus/(deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss		(Amount in ₹)
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Opening balance	(39, 151, 025)	(25,257,458)
Add: Profit/(loss) after tax for the year from Statement of Profit and Loss	16,178,672	(13,893,568)
Closing balance (B)	(22,972,353)	(39,151,026)
Total Reserves and Surplus (A+B)	640,438,154	605,091,717
5. Long-term horrowings		

#### Long-term borrowings

				(Amount in ₹)
	Non-curre	nt portion	Current m	aturities
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Term Loan, secured		·		<del></del> _
Vehicle loan from bank	504,398	694,552	190,156	169,239
Amount disclosed under the head "other current liabilities" (refer note 10)	-	-	(190,156)	(169,239)
Net Amount	504,398	694,552		

Vehicle loan from bank carries interest @ 12.24% p.a. The loan is repayable in 60 monthly instalments of ₹ 22,140 including interest, from the date of loan i.e. June 14, 2011. The loan is secured by hypothecation of related vehicles.



#### 6. Other long term liabilities

Security deposits received

			1,101,900	912,400
7. Provisions				
Particulars				(Amount in ₹)
i di cicatai s	Long-	term	Short	t-term
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Provision for employee benefits (Also refer note 28)				
Provision for gratuity	92,0 <b>3</b> 2	-	10,104	
Provision for leave encashment	992,661	582,630	21,527	188,549
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,084,693	582,630	31,631	188,549
8. Short-term borrowings		-		<del></del> ·
Particulars				(Amount in ₹)
			March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Loan from related parties (unsecured) (refer note 35	)*	•	2,587,394	-
			2,587,394	•
* The Company has taken an unsecured toan from its	r halding as			

(Amount in ₹)

912,400

March 31, 2012

March 31, 2013

1,101,900

#### 9. Trade payable (Also refer note 34)

Bent of		(Amount in ₹)
Particulars	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Trade payable	1,569,294	554,848
	1,569,294	554,848
10. Other current liabilities		
		(Amount in ₹)
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Current maturities of long term borrowings (Refer note 5)	190,156	169,239
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	5,823	6,821
Others		
- Employees related payables	<b>5,73</b> 5,422	1,697,839
- Security deposits	200,000	•
- Payables for expenses (Refer note 34)	2,557,002	4,502,096
- Advance from customers (Advance fees)	627,614	577,050
<ul> <li>Other liabilities (represent statutory liabilities payable to government authorities)</li> </ul>	1 <b>,16</b> 3,69 <b>0</b>	<b>2,52</b> 2, <b>2</b> 98
Stale cheques liabilities		
state chednes transfirles	<b>3</b> 7,216	2 <b>7,7</b> 65
	10,516,923	9,503,108





<sup>\*</sup> The Company has taken an unsecured loan from its holding company, in the current year carrying an interest rate of 14.25% per annum, interest being payable quarterly. The loan is repayable either on demand or by March 31, 2018 whichever is earlier.

Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

# 11. Tangible assets

Particular		Gross blo	Gross block (at cost)			A - A - J	;			(Amonga in #)
	As at April 1, 2012	Additions	Disposals/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2013	Up to April 1, 2012	Depreciation for the year	epreciation Disposals/ or the year Adjustments	Up to March	As at March As	lock As at March
Office equipment Computer hardware Vehicles Furniture and fixtures Lease hold improvement	1,019,513 1,111,492 1,382,800 775,572 1,128,822	- - - 505,550		1,019,513 1,111,492 1,382,800 775,572 1,634,372	268,521 455,913 98,215 691,619	92,100 208,278 138,280 13,733 177,708		360,621 664,191 236,495 705,352 1,090,956	658,892 447,301 1,146,305 70,220 543,416	750, 992 655,579 1,284,585 83,953 278,574
Total	5,418,199	505,550	     	5,923,749	2,427,516	630,089		3,057,615	2.866.134	2 000 483
Previous year	4,104,075	1,843,826	529,702	5,418,199	2,122,337	477,874	172,695	2,427,516	2,990,683	2,770,003
12. Intangible assets										
Particular		Gross bloc	Gross block (at cost)			Accumulated amortication	mortication			/Amount in ≢1
Waheita	As at April 1, 2012	Additions	Disposals/ Adjustments	As at March 31, 2013	Up to April 1, 2012	Amotisation for the year	Disposals/ Adjustments	Up to March 31, 2013	As at March As 31 2013	As at March
Education manual	3,584,770 2,750,000 483 <b>99</b> 4		, .	3,584,770	3,547,231 2,750,000	15,512		3,562,743	22,027	37,539
Tatal	6,818,761		.   .	483,991	202,429	89,478		291,907	192,084	281,562
Previous year	6,611,770	206,991		6,818,761	5,504,407	995,253		6,499,660	319 104	319,101
									- 3 - 6 3	.

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#### 13. Non current investments

	March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) March 31, 2012
Unquoted, non - trade investments (valued at cost unless stated otherwise)		
Investment in subsidiaries		
Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited		
98,468 (Previous year: 98,468) fully paid up equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each	186,764,104	186,764,104
150,000 (Previous year: 150,000) fully paid up 0.01% optionally convertible preference shares of face value of ₹ 10 each	150,000,000	150,000,000
Investment in shares of others	336,764,104	336,764,104
Energy Plantation Project Private Limited		
50,000 (Previous year: 50,000) fully paid equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each	500,000	500,000
	337,264,104	337,264,104
14. Long-term loans and advances		
		/Amount !- %\
	March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) March 31, 2012
Unsecured, considered good		- March 31, 2012
Advance income tax (net of provisions ₹ 2,184,212 (Previous year ₹ Nil))	14,431,544	12,837,624
MAT credit entitlement	2,306,147	121,935
Inter-corporate deposits	108,024	7,393,908
	16,845,715	20,353,467
15. Other non-current assets		<del></del>
		(Amount in ₹)
Unsecured, considered good	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Gratuity fund assets		•
oracincy rund assets	<u> </u>	11,552
	<del></del>	11,552
16. Trade receivables		
		(Amount in ₹)
Unsecured, considered good	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the		
date they are due for payment *	14,450,988	20,767,994
Others *	5 <b>,</b> 772,8 <b>25</b>	19,012,000
	20,223,813	<b>39,</b> 779,994
	<del></del>	,,,,,,,,,

<sup>\*</sup> Includes amount due from related parties. (Refer note 35)



#### 17. Cash and bank balances

	March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹)
Cash and cash equivalents		March 31, 2012
Cash in hand	-	4 145
Balances with banks		4,165
-in current accounts	15 <b>,971,367</b>	7,131,608
	15,971,367	7,135,773
Other bank balances	,, <u> </u>	7,133,773
<ul> <li>Deposits with original maturity of more than three months but realizable within twelve months from Balance Sheet date</li> </ul>	767,694	46,822,798
	16,739,061	53,958,571
18. Short term loans and advances		
Unsecured, considered good, unless stated otherwise	March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) March 31, 2012
Loans and advances to related parties (refer note 35)		——————————————————————————————————————
Loans and advances to employees	359,183,182	<b>242,447,</b> 555
Security deposit	27,331	71,768
Other loans and advances	11,115,000	11,748,125
- Other advances recoverable in cash or kind		
- Prepaid expenses	480,375	942,515
·	64,904	294,677
49.00	370,870,792	<b>255</b> ,504,640
19. Other current assets		
•		(Amount in ₹)
Intercent and the second	March 31, <b>20</b> 13	March 31, 2012
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	9,069	148,312
	9,069	148,312
20. Revenue from operations		
		(Amount in ₹)
	Year ended	Year ended
Sale of services	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
- Revenue from soft skill fee		
Fees income	20,922,206	15,738,313
- Revenue from school fee		
- Revenue from license fee	6,464,275	7,886,800
- Bus fee	2,000,000	12,384,633
- Others	1,264,786	1,234,600
20.0.2	5,346,675	3,198,340
	35,997,942	40,442,686



#### 21. Other income

	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) Year ended March 31, 2012
Interest on bank deposits	1,113,440	12,024,719
Interest on loans		
- Related parties (refer note 35)	28,343,996	18,950,586
- Others	53 <b>0</b> ,506	1,630,528
Other non-operating income		
- Liabilities written back	224,408	277,328
- Miscellaneous income	32,450	276,696
	30,244,800	33,159,857
22. Employee benefits expense		
		(Amount in ₹)
	Year ended	Year ended
Salarios viagos and other bases	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Salaries, wages and other benefits	20,916,184	22,979,515
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 28)	2 <b>99,72</b> 0	368,886
Leave encashment expenses (refer note 28)	357,175	524,255
Gratuity (refer note 28) Staff welfare expenses	205,497	344,796
Scall wetrare expenses	440,822	<b>82</b> 5,986
	22,219,398	25,043,438
23. Finance cost	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		(Amount in ₹)
	Year ended	Year ended
Interest expense on borrowings	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Interest on delay in depositing statutory dues	95,445	92,973
depositing statetory dues	47,873	376,507
24 Depresention and amounting	143,318	469,480
24. Depreciation and amortisation expenses		4
	Year ended	(Amount in ₹) Year ended
	March 31, 2013	rear ended March 31, 2012
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (Refer note 11)	630,099	477,874
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets (Refer note 12)	104,99D	995,253
	735,D89	1,473,127
	=======================================	=======================================



#### 25. Other expenses

Administration	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) Year ended March 31, 2012
Administration expenses	3,586,782	3,037,232
Electricity expenses	146,837	125,627
Repairs and maintenance - others	262,768	637,262
Insurance expenses	97,568	67,728
Rates and taxes	316,175	108,154
Communication expenses	765,849	399,246
Travelling and conveyance expenses	4,077,576	5,783,725
Printing and stationery expenses	250,898	157,467
Content development expenses	<b>72</b> 3, <b>517</b>	32,500
Legal and professional expenses	1,499,474	1,988,956
Bad debts/advances written off	2,039,387	165,315
Loss on fixed assets sold/written off (net)	-	156,005
Sales and marketing expenses	1,319,384	4,497,083
Revenue share	2,523, <b>42</b> 2	1,610,111
Lease rent expenses	180,000	120,000
Infrastructure charges	1,380,000	1,380,000
Recruitment and training expenses	819,761	912,948
Retainership fees	5,452,102	6,660,795
Auditors remuneration (refer note 29)	400,000	
Miscellaneous expenses	236,926	350,000
	26,078,426	354,069 <b>28,544,223</b>
26. Prior period expenses	=======================================	20,344,223
20. Filor period expenses	<u>.</u>	
	·	(Amount in ₹)
	Year ended	Year ended
Salaries, wages and other benefits	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Legal and professional	24,430	40,834
Communication charges	572,126	40,000
	291,283	
	887,839	80,834



#### 27. Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities not provided for:

- (i) Corporate guarantee amounting ₹ 280,000,000 (Previous year ₹ 215,000,000) for loan taken by subsidiary company.
- (ii) Corporate guarantee amounting ₹ 15,000,000 (Previous year ₹ Nil) for loan taken by Nalanda Foundation.
- (iii) TDS demands pending in appeals/ show cause notice amounting ₹ 646,236 (Previous year ₹ 646,236).

#### 28. Employee benefits obligations

The Company has in accordance with the Accounting Standard-15 'Employee Benefits' calculated the various benefits provided to employees as under:

#### A. Defined contribution plans

#### a. Provident fund.

During the year the Company has recognized the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss:-

Employers contribution to provident fund *	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) Year ended March 31, 2012
Employers contribution to ESI *	270,710	325,484
* Also refer note 22	<b>29,</b> 010	43,402
AGG Perer Hote 22	299,720	368,886

#### B. Defined employee benefits and other long term benefit schemes:

The present value obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligations. The summarized positions of various defined benefits are as under:

#### I. Actuarial assumptions

Particulars	Gratuity	(funded)	Leave En	cashment
	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012
Discount rate	8.00%	8.78%	8.00%	8.78%
Salary escalation rate	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	9.00%	9.00%	N. A.	N. A.
Retirement age (years)	58	58	58	58
Expected remaining working lives of employees (years)	11.50	14.10	11.50	14.10
Mortality table	IALM (1994-96)	LIC (1994-96)	IALM (1994-96)	LIC (1994-96)
Ages	Withdrawal rate (%)	Withdrawal rate (%)	Withdrawal rate (%)	Withdrawal rate (%)
Up to 30 years	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
From 31 to 44 years	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Above 44 years	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

#### Note:

The discount rate has been assumed at 8.00% p.a. which is determined by reference to market yield at the balance sheet date on government securities. The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.



#### II. Change in benefit obligation

(Amount	in	₹)
hment		

Particulars	Gratuity	(funded)	(Amount in a Leave Encashment	
	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	421,673	275,971	771,179	March 31, 2012 393,237
Current service cost	222,740	205,700	359,625	438,295
Interest cost Past service cost	33,734	24,230	61,694	34,526
Benefit paid		(242 142)	- (111110)	-
Net actuarial (gain)/loss		(242,163) 157,935	(114,166) (64,144)	(146,313)
recognized in the year.	(9,497)		(04,144)	51,434
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	668,650	421,673	1,014,188	771,179

#### III. Fair value of plan assets during the year

íΔ	mo	un	+	in	₹'

Particulars	Gratuity	(funded)	Leave End	(Amount in ₹ ashment
Enic value of all	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	433,225	<b>523,9</b> 85		-
Expected return on plan assets	38,990	47,159	-	
Contributions Benefits paid	91,809	108,334	-	
Actuarial gain/ (loss) on plan	2,490	(242, 163)		-
assets	2,490	(4,090)	-	-
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	566,514	433,225	-	-

### IV. Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year

Particulars	Gratuity	(funded)	Leave End	(Amount in ₹
	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012
Current service cost	222,740	205,700	359,625	438,295
Interest cost	33,734	24,230	61,694	34,526
Expected return on plan assets	(38,990)	(47,159)	-	- 31,320
Net actuarial (gain)/ loss to be recognized	(11,987)	162,025	(64, 144)	51,434
Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	205,497	344,796	357,175	524,255

#### V. Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet

Particulars	Gratuity	(funded)	Leave End	(Amount in ₹
	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	668,650	421,673	1,014,188	771,179
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	566,514	433,225	-	-
Funded status	(102,136)	11,552	(1,014,188)	(774 470)
Net assets/(liability) recognized in Balance Sheet as at March 31	(102,136)	11,552	(1,014,188)	(771,179) (771,179)
Amount classified as:				
Short term provision (refer note 7)	10,104	-	21,527	188,549



Long term provision (refer note 7)	92,032	-	992,661	582,630
Other non-current assets (refer note 15)	-	11,552		

#### V. Experience on actuarial gain/(loss) for present benefit obligation and plan assets.

#### a) Gratuity (funded)

Particulars			(Amount in ₹)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
On Dia - DDO	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011
On Plan PBO	50,448	(180,592)	241,933
On Plan Assets	2,490	(4,090)	-

#### b) Leave encashment

D4:- 1			(Amount in ₹)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2013`	March 31, 2012	March 31, 2011
On Plan PBO	124,596	(84,445)	395,497

c) The Company's gratuity fund is managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India. The plan assets under the fund are deposited under approved securities.

#### VI. Employer's best estimate of contribution during the next year

Particulars	(Amount in ₹)
Gratuity	307,734
Leave encashment	246,232

#### 29. Auditors remuneration (excluding service tax)

	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) Year ended March 31, 2012
Statutory audit	400,000	350,000
Out of pocket expenses	8,700	4500
Total	408,700	354,500

#### 30. Earnings/(loss) per share

The calculation of Earnings/ (loss) per Share has been made in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) - 20 "Earnings per Share".

A statement on calculation of Basic and Diluted EPS is as under:

	Reference	Units	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012
Profit/(loss) after tax	Α	₹	16,178,672	(13,893,567)
Add: Exceptional item	В	₹	, -,	<b>31</b> ,929,883
Profit after tax but before exceptional item	C= <b>A</b> +B	₹	16,178,672	18,036,316
Weighted average no. of equity shares	D	Nos.	9,280,998	<b>9,</b> 280,262
Add: Dilutive potential equity shares	Ε	Nos.	9.643	19,000
Number of equity shares (of ₹ 10 each) for Dilutive EPS	F=D+E	Nos.	9,290,641	9,299,262
Basic earnings per share (before exceptional item (C/D)		₹	1.74	1.94
Basic earnings per share (after exceptional item (A/D)		₹	1.74	(1.49)

Diluted earnings per share (before			
exceptional item (C/F)	₹	1.74	1.94
Diluted earnings per share (after			
exceptional item (A/F)	₹ .	1.74	(1.49)

#### 31. Segment reporting

#### **Business segment**

The disclosure as required under Accounting Standard (AS) - 17 "Segment Reporting" as notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 has not been provided as the Company deals in one business segment namely comprising provision of education and related services.

#### Geographic segment

Since the company's activities / operations are primarily within the country and considering the nature of services it deals in, the risks and returns are same and as such there is only one geographical segment.

#### 32. Leases

The Company is a lessee under an operating lease. Rental expense for operating leases for the years ended March 31, 2013 was ₹ 180,000 (previous year 120,000). The maximum obligations on non-cancellable operating lease payable as per the rentals stated in the respective agreements:

Not later than one year	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) Year ended March 31, 2012
- <b>,</b>	180,000	120,000
Later than one year but not later than five year	<b>75,</b> 000	-
Later than five year	<del></del>	-
	255,000	120,000

#### 33. Deferred tax assets

The Company estimates the deferred tax charge/credit using applicable rate of taxation based on the impact of timing differences between financial statements and estimated taxable income for the current year. The component of deferred tax as at March 31, 2013 is as under:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2012	Benefit/ (Charge) for the year	(Amount in ₹ As at March 31, 2013
Deferred tax liability arising on account of:			
- Depreciation	(164,477)	(1,949,757)	(1,949,757)
Deferred tax asset arising on account of:			(1) 13,137
Provision for gratuity, leave encashment and unabsorbed losses (to the extent of deferred tax liability)	164,477	1,949, <b>7</b> 57	1,949, <b>7</b> 57
Net deferred tax assets			

As per Accounting Standard 22 "Accounting for taxes on income", in the absence of virtual certainty of realization of unabsorbed depreciation and accumulated carried forward business losses as at March 31, 2013, deferred tax asset has been recognized to the extent of deferred tax liability arising out of depreciation on fixed assets.



34. Disclosure relating to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006:

Balance of sundry creditors	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) Year ended March 31, 2012
<ul> <li>Principal amount due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises</li> <li>Principal amount due to Others</li> </ul>	•	-
Trade pa <b>y</b> able Payable for expenses	1,569,294 2,557,002	554,848
Total	4,126,296	4,502,096 <b>5,056</b> , <b>9</b> 44
Interest accrued and due at the end of the year - Interest on payments due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	•	
<ul> <li>Interest on payments due to others</li> <li>Interest due and payable on amounts paid during the year to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises beyond the appointed date</li> </ul>	-	- -
Total	-	-
Paid during the year Principal amount (including interest) paid to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises beyond the appointed date - Principal amount		- -
<ul> <li>Interest thereon</li> <li>Principal amount (excluding interest) paid to Micro, Small and</li> <li>Medium Enterprises beyond the appointed date</li> </ul>	- - -	-
Others - Interest accrued in the prior year and paid during the year - Interest accrued during the year and paid during the year	- -	<u>.</u>

#### 35. Related party disclosure

The disclosure as required by the Accounting Standard -18 "Related Party Disclosure" are given below:-

A. List of related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

a) Holding company	: CL Educate Limited
b) Subsidiary company	: Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited
c) Enterprises in which key management	: Nalanda Foundation
personnel and their relatives are able to	Career Launcher Education Foundation
exercise significant influence.	CLEF AP Trust
d) Key management personnel	: Sujit Bhattacharya
	Shiva Kumar

B. Details of related party transactions are as below:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) Year ended
1. Revenue from soft skill fees	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012
Nalanda Foundation	16,236,234	10,723,960
Revenue from license fees     Nalanda Foundation	_	11,000,000
		11,000,000



NEW DELHI

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) Year ended March 31, 2012
3. Interest income		
Nalanda Foundation	17,493,132	8,475,459
CLEF AP Trust	1,454,303	1,283,718
Career Launcher Education Foundation	9,396,561	9,191,409
<ol> <li>Conversion of account receivable into unsecured loan Nalanda Foundation</li> </ol>	30,386,545	-
5. Reimbursement of expenses		
To Nalanda Foundation		299,116
From Nalanda Foundation	_	506,000
To CL Educate Limited	900,886	561,796
From CL Educate Limited	34,117	9,000
To CLEF AP Trust	J4,117	
From Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited	165,103	1,900
	,	
6. Lease rent To CL Educate Limited	400 000	
TO CE Educate Ellinted	180,000	120,000
7. Infrastructure charges		
To CL Educate Limited	1,380,000	1,380,000
8. Short term loans and advances (given)		
Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited	22 200 000	0.40 0.00 0.00
CLEF AP Trust	22,300,000	210,300,000
Nalanda Foundation	2,167,337	300,000
Career Launcher Education Foundation	35,7 <b>6</b> 2,092	38,826,312
Carcer Education Foundation	8,681,905	450,000
<ol><li>Short term loans and advances (realised)</li><li>Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited</li></ol>	-	150,034,744
<ol> <li>Non-current investment in subsidiary (Equity Shares)</li> <li>Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited</li> </ol>	-	150,000,000
11. Non-current investment from holding company (Equity Shares)		
CL Éducate Limited	5,992,000	-
12 Chara and Gooding was asset to be 10 of 11 of		
12. Share application money received pending allotment CL Educate Limited	13,500,032	-
13. Short term borrowings taken CL Educate Limited	2,587,394	-
14. Revenue share (paid to)		
Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited	943,714	683,835
15. Bad trade receivable written off		ŕ
Career Launcher Education Foundation (net of service tax)	-	31,929,883
16. Remuneration paid to KMPs		
Shiva <b>Kuma</b> r	4,959,888	3,038,600
Sujeet Bhattacharya	4,851,689	4,617,372
17 Reimbursement of expanses to VARe		
17. Reimbursement of expenses to KMPs Sujeet Bhattacharya	494,759	832,416
ahakti a	,	032, 110

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013	(Amount in ₹) Year ended March 31, 2012
C. Balance outstanding as at the year end		March 31, 2012
Trade receivables     Nalanda Foundation	6,360,972	30,490,987
2. Payable for expenses CL Educate Limited	226,165	2,676,123
3. Loan and advances Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited Nalanda Foundation Career Launcher Education Foundation CLEF AP Trust	92,565,256 178,362,034 75,700,680 12,555,212	70,265,256 94,775,649 67,018,775 10,387,875
4. Short-term borrowings CL Educate Limited	2,587,394	-
5. Trade payables Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited	1,569,294	554,848
6. Remuneration payable to KMPs Shiva Kumar Sujeet Bhattacharya	1,797,908 1,90 <b>4,</b> 071	334,761 510,372
7. Expenses payable to KMPs Sujeet Bhattacharya	349,596	297,812
8. Guarantees given on behalf on (Refer note 27) Career Launcher Infrastructure Private Limited (Guarantee to bank for taken by the Company)	280,000,000	215,000,000
Nalanda Foundation (Guarantee to bank for vehicle loan taken by the Trust)	15,000,000	-

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39. In accordance with recent amendment in the year 2012, the Company has conducted a Transfer Pricing Study using the services of an independent chartered accountant for Specified Domestic Transactions ('SDT') with its associated parties domiciled in India as stipulated in newly inserted Section 92BA of the Income Tax Act, 1961, "arm's length basis".

The management is of the opinion that all transactions with associated enterprises are undertaken at negotiated contracted prices on usual commercial terms and are at arms' length, and there will not be any impact on the financial statements as a consequence of the legislation.

40. The Company has reclassified/regrouped previous year figures where necessary to conform to the current year's classification.

As per our report of even date

For Haribhakti & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registrates No.:103523

NEW DELHI

Raj Kumar Again Partner

Membership No.:074715

For and on behalf of board of directors of

Career Launcher Education Infrastructure and Services Limited

Gautam Puri

Managing Director

Satya Narayanan R.

Director

Syed Talib Mehdi Company Secretary

Place: Greater Noida Date : July 27, 2013

Place: Greater Noida Date: July 27, 2013